

# DATA LOGGER MICROPROCESSOR-BASED

**RPM - 416** 



## **OPERATING MANUAL**

## Production Quality Control System meets the requirements of ISO 9001:2008

## Dear customer,

Company NOVATEK-ELECTRO LTD. thanks you for purchasing our products. You will be able to use properly the product after carefully studying the Operating Manual. Keep the Operating Manual throughout the service life of the product.

#### ATTENTION! ALL REQUIREMENTS OF THIS OPERATION MANUAL ARE COMPULSORY TO BE MET!

 $\triangle$ 

WARNING! – PRODUCT TERMINALS AND INTERNAL COMPONENTS ARE UNDER POTENTIALLY LETHAL VOLTAGE

TO ENSURE THE PRODUCT SAFE OPERATION IT IS STRICTLY FORBIDDEN THE FOLLOWING:

- TO CARRY OUT MOUNTING WORKS AND MAINTENANCE <u>WITHOUT DISCONNECTING THE</u> PRODUCT FROM THE MAINS:
  - TO OPEN AND REPAIR THE PRODUCT INDEPENDENTLY:
  - TO OPERATE THE PRODUCT WITH MECHANICAL DAMAGES OF THE CASE.

IT IS NOT ALLOWED WATER PENETRATION ON TERMINALS AND INTERNAL ELEMENTS OF THE DEVICE.

During operation and maintenance the regulatory document requirements must be met, namely:

Regulations for Operation of Consumer Electrical Installations;

Safety Rules for Operation of Consumer Electrical Installations;

Occupational Safety when in Operation of Electrical Installations;

Installation, adjustment and maintenance of the product must be performed by qualified personnel having studied this Operating Manual.

THE VALUES OF MEASURED SIGNALS CONNECTED TO THE REGISTER INPUT TERMINALS SHOULD NOT EXCEED THOSE SPECIFIED IN THIS MANUAL BECAUSE IT MAY RESULT IN DAMAGE OF INCOMING LINES, DISRUPTION OF CONTACT GROUP AND REGISTER INFLAMMATION.

The data logger connection, setting and maintenance should be made only by authorized personnel who have studied this operating manual.

While repair work, maintenance work, installation work it is necessary to disconnect the data logger and incoming measuring lines from the power supply.

The device is safe for operation under observing the rules of exploitation.

## $\sim$ 3 $\sim$ CONTENT

1 PURPOSE	5
1.1 Unit's Purpose	5
1.2 Controls, overall and installation dimensions	6
1.3 Working conditions	7
2 COMPLETENESS OF SET	7
3 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION OF RPM-416	7
3.1 Basic Technical Features	7
3.2 Inputs characteristics	7
4 DESIGN AND OPERATION PRINCIPLE OF RPM-416	8
4.1 Design	8
4.2 Operation principle	9
4.3 Real time clock	9
5 CONNECTION OF RPM-416	9
5.1 Preparing for connection	9
5.2 General instructions Technical maintenance and safety measures	9
5.3 Connection	9
5.4 Connection of Expansion modules to RPM-416	10
5.5 Connection of RPM-416 to Ethernet	11
6 SCOPE OF INTENDED USE	11
6.1 The use of data logger RPM-416	11
6.1.1 Initialization 5.3 Safety measures	11
6.1.2 Main screen 5.4 General instruction	11
6.1.3 Main screen menu items dissimulation	12
6.1.4 Starting up and finishing of data recording process	12
6.1.5 Data recording at event	13
6.1.6 The main menu of the data logger	14
6.1.7 The review of measured values	15
6.1.8 Error message conformation	16
6.2 Use of HTTP server (Web-interface)	18
6.3 Use of Modbus TCP server	18
6.4 Use of FTP server	32
6.5 Use of Overvis client	33
6.6 Inserting and pulling out of the Memory Card	33
6.7 RPM-416 Data Analysis software installation	33
6.8 Installation and connection of software for memory card-reader	33
6.9 Review of the recorded data	34
7 SETTING OF RPM-416 REGISTER	34
7.1 Setting of Date and Time ("DATE AND TIME")	34
7.1.1 Setting of Date ("Date")	34
7.1.2 Setting of Time ("Time")	35
7.2 Setting of base channels	35
7.2.1 Setting of the channel of voltage (1, 2 and 3)	35
7.2.2 Setting of the channel of current ("Channel 4" (5, 6 and 7))	36
7.2.3 Setting of the channel of temperature ("Channel 8" (9))	36
7.2.4 Setting of channel of analog voltage 0-10 V ("Channel 10")	37
7.2.5 Setting of the channel of analog current 0-20 mA ("Channel 11")	38
7.2.6 Setting of the channel of discrete signal ("Channel 12" (13, 14 and 15))	39
7.2.7 Setting of the channel of power ("Channel 16" (17 and 18))	39
7.3 Expansion modules	39
7.3.1 Turning the power on and off for expansion modules ("On / Off")	39
7.3.2 Expansion module ("Module 1" (2, 3 and 4)) setting	40
7.4 Setting of display ("DISPLAY")	40
7.4.1 Setting of the display backlight mode ("Backlight settings")	40
7.5 Setting of record of data mode ("RECORD OF DATA")	40
7.5.1 Setting of data recording type ("Record type")	41
7.5.1 Setting of recording period ("Recording period")	41
7.5.3 Setting of the size of data file ("File size")	41
7.5.4 Selection of recorded data ("Choice of data")	41
7.5.4 Selection of recorded data ( Choice of data ) 7.6 Setting of the mode of data recording at event ("RECORD OF EVENT")	42
7.6 Setting of the mode of data recording at event ( RECORD OF EVENT )  7.6.1 Switching on and switching off the data recording at event ("On / Off")	42
7.6.2 Setting of the time of data recording at event ("Recording time")	42
7.6.3 Setting of discreteness of data recording at event ("Discreteness")	43

7.6.4 Setting of event ("Event 1" (2, 3, 4 and 5))	43
7.7 Setting of memory card ("MEMORY CARD")	44
7.7.1 Brief information about the memory card ("Information")	44
7.7.2 Safety removes of the memory card ("Remove card")	44
7.7.3 Formatting of the memory card ("Format")	45
7.8 Setting of Ethernet network ("NETWORK")	45
7.8.1 Setting of Modbus TCP server ("Modbus TCP")	45
7.8.2 Setting of HTTP server ("HTTP")	47
7.8.3 Setting of FTP server	48
7.8.4 Overvis Client setting	50
7.8.5 Setting of main parameters of Ethernet ("TCP / IP")	51
7.9 Setting of access restriction to the Data Logger ("PASSWORD")	52
7.9.1 Switching On and Switching Off of the Password Protection ("On / Off")	52
7.9.2 Changing of password value ("Change")	52
7.10 Reset of all setting to the factory settings ("RESET ALL SETTINGS")	53
7.11 Review of software version ("DEVICE VERSION")	54
8 MAINTENANCE	54
9 SERVICE LIFE AND MANUFACTURER WARRANTY	55
10 TRANSPORTATION AND STORAGE	55
11 ACCEPTANCE CERTIFICATE	55
12 NOTICES OF CLAIMS	55
Appendix A. Connection of Data logger to Ethernet	56
Appendix B. Connection of Data logger to Internet	58

This operation manual is intended for description, principle of work, construction, mode of work and maintenance of the microprocessor-based data logger RPM-416 (further in text as «data logger», «RPM-416» or «data logger RPM-416»).

The product meets the requirements of the following:

- IEC 60947-1:2004, IDT; IEC 60947-6-2:1992, IDT;
- CISPR 11:2004, IDT; •IEC 61000-4-2:2001, IDT.

Harmful substances, in more than allowed concentration, are not available.

#### Terms and abbreviations:

- ❖ Twisted pair a pair of isolated signal line wires in cable twisted between themselves for reduction of transmitted signals distortions;
- ❖ THDr total harmonic distortion, of a signal is a measurement of the harmonic distortion present and is defined as the ratio of the sum of the powers of all harmonic components to the power of the fundamental frequency. THD is used to characterize the linearity of power quality of electric power systems.
  - ❖ Display a symbolic LCD display 4 lines of 20 symbols;
  - ❖ Cursor a screen symbol ◀ ▶, showing the current position to which the action will be used;
- ❖ Memory card a portable flash-memory card SD / MMC, which is used for multiple recording and storage of information in the portable electronic devices;
  - ❖ EM Expansion Module (a device connected to the data logger for Expansion of incoming signals range);
  - ❖ MM Measuring Module (is a part of data logger scheme).
  - ❖ PC Personal Computer;
  - ❖ OS Operating System;
  - On default preset parameters values which are used by the data logger until the user explicitly changes them;
- ❖ Dry contact a terminal which has no galvanic connection with power supply lines and "ground" (for example: mechanical button, hermetic contact, relay contacts, standard and limit switches);
  - ❖ CT Current Transformer intended for transmitting the signal of measuring information (for example:
  - T-0.66, TOP-066, TSHP-0.66 etc. with accuracy class index 0.5 or 0.5 S);
- ❖ Formatting the process of recording in the memory card file system structure (FAT12, FAT16 or FAT32), which makes it possible to use the memory card in operational system for data storage;
  - ❖ Screen full-scale (4 lines with 20 symbols) image output on the display;
  - ◆ 10Base-T a standard Ethernet for linking up via twisted pairs with speed 10 Mbit/sec;
  - ❖ 100Base-T a standard Ethernet for linking up via twisted pairs with speed 100 Mbit/sec;
- ❖ DHCP network protocol which enables the devices to receive automatically IP-addresses and other parameters necessary for work in TCP / IP networks;
  - Ethernet package technology of data transmitting mainly used in computer local networks;
  - ❖ FTP standard protocol of files transmitting in TCP / IP networks;
- ❖ Modbus TCP open communicational protocol based on "client-server" architecture. It is used for data transmitting in TCP / IP networks;
- ❖ MAC address used in transmitting via Ethernet for device identification. As a rule it has a global unique denotation;
  - \* RMS -root mean square value;
  - RJ-45 unified connector used for connection in networks via standard 10Base-T/100Base-T;
  - \* RJ-11 unified connector used for connection of telephone or communicational equipment;
  - ❖ **Web-interface** system of user interaction with device via computer browser.

#### 1 PURPOSE

#### 1.1 UNIT'S PURPOSE

Data logger RPM-416 is a microprocessor-based device intended for electrical parameters measuring and monitoring on the data logger display as well as data archiving.

The data archiving is made on the removable memory card (SD / MMC), which can be later analyzed by software program RPM-416 Data Analysis (the program can be found on website www.novatek-electro.com), installed on the standard or portable PC. Data files have Expansion "RDF".

Data logger RPM-416 has an inbuilt real time clock with power from a lithium-type battery.

RPM-416 can be connected to Ethernet network via standard 10Base-T or 100Base-T. In this case simultaneously with data recording to memory card, the RPM-416 configuration and data transmitting to the PC is possible.

RPM-416 can connect to the system Overvis (monitoring and remote control www.overvis.com).

#### The main possibilities of the data logger:

- ❖ Multi-channeling one data logger is sufficient for all working data receiving from the controlled device;
- ❖ Versatility the additional modules can be connected to the data logger which makes it possible to expand the range of incoming signals (voltage, current, temperature, discrete inputs, etc.);
- ❖ Galvanic separation incoming signals of high voltage and current are galvanic separated from other inputs which ensures easiness of data logger connection;
- ❖ High fidelity self-control system and data saving algorithm protect against data loss in case of emergency situations (power supply failure);

- ❖ Servicing convenience four-lined symbolic display with illuminating enables to adjust the data logger and monitor its work (the values of recorded incoming signals are shown on the display), the key-board is used for setting and control of the data logger;
- ❖ Remote monitoring and configuration if the data logger is installed in a hard accessible place with Ethernet connection it can simultaneously with the data recording on the memory card make data transmitting to PC. It enables to make a remote monitoring of the object. The more detailed analysis can be made on the basis of the data stored on the memory card. Web-interface enables via PC browser to make a remote configuration of the data logger without installing any other additional programs. FTP provides remote access to the memory card to retrieve or delete files.

### 1.2 CONTROLS, OVERALL AND INSTALLATION DIMENSIONS

#### 1.2.1 Overall and installation dimensions

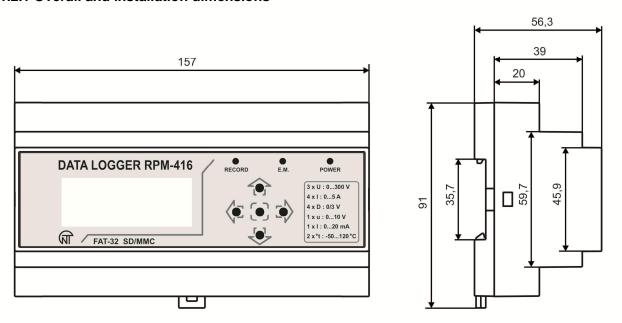
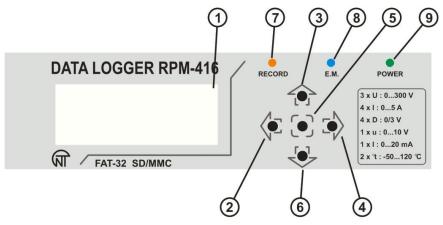


Figure 1.1 – Data logger design with overall and fixing dimensions

### 1.2.2 Controls

On the data logger front panel there are located the elements of control (five-button keyboard) and indication (LED symbolic display), Fig. 1.2. With the help of the key-board are made all the settings of the data logger operation parameters and initiation of incoming signals values recording to the memory card. The current values of the data logger operation, the values of incoming signals and data logger state information are shown on the display.



- 1 Display (yellow-green indication);
- 2 Button ◀ (left) is used for moving the indicator to the left;
- 3 Button ▲ (up) is used for moving the indicator upwards or for increasing parameter value;
- 4 Button ► (right) is used for moving the indicator to the right;
- 5 Button **(enter)** is used for value entry approval or menu item choice;
- 6 Button ▼ (down) is used for moving the indicator downwards or for decreasing the parameter value;
- 7 LED indicator **RECORDING** (light on when the data recording on the memory card is initiated, light off when the data recording on the memory card is finished, flare up when the data recording on the memory card is paused, flickering when there is at least one error in the data logger operation);
- 8 LED indicator **E.M.** (E.M. light on when at least one expansion module is connected, flickering when there is data transmitting between expansion modules, light off when the expansion modules are not connected);
- 9 LED indicator **POWER** (light on when the power is on, light off when the power is off).

*Figure.* 1.2 – The data logger controls

## **1.3 WORKING CONDITIONS**

The data logger RPM-416 is intended for working in the following conditions:

- Ambient temperature, from 20 to +45 °C;
- Atmospheric pressure from 84 to 106.7 kPa;
- Relative air humidity (at temperature +25 °C) 30 ... 80%.

## ATTENTION! The product is not intended for operation in the following conditions:

- Significant vibration and shocks;
- High humidity;
- Aggressive environment with content in the air of acids, alkalis, etc., as well as severe contaminations (grease, oil, dust, etc.).

## **2 COMPLETENESS OF SET**

Delivery set is given in Table 2.1.

Table 2.1 – Delivery Set

Name	Quantity, pcs.
RPM-416	1
Connection cable with Ethernet network	1
Operating Manual	1
Package	1

## 3 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION OF RPM-416

### 3.1 BASIC TECHNICAL FEATURES

The basic technical features of RPM-416 are resulted in Table 3.1.

Table 3.1 - Basic technical features

Nominal operating supply voltage (~), V Performance capacity voltage (~/ i=1), V Performance capacity voltage (~/ i=1), V Power-line frequency, Hz Power-line frequency, Hz Power consumption (from line ~220 V), W, not more Power consumption (from power source +24 V), W, not more Power consumption (from power source +24 V), W, not more Period of data recording to the memory card, sec. Period of data recording to the memory card, sec. Poyol — 3600 External memory storage (memory card, optional) Maximal capacity of external memory card, GB Supported file systems of external memory card, FAT Power consumption (from power source +24 V), W, not more Raximal size of data file, KB Raximal size of data file, KB Raximal size of data file, MB Size of one block of recorded data (20 parameters), byte Refror of clock run, at temperature 25 °C, not more, sec / day Power consumption (from power source) Rodbus TCP Residual for the device (pession for the file (pession for f	Item	Value
Performance capacity voltage (	110111	
Power-line frequency, Hz Power consumption (from line ~220 V), W, not more Power consumption (from power source +24 V), W, not more Power consumption (from power source +24 V), W, not more Period of data recording to the memory card, sec.  Q,001 – 3600 External memory storage (memory card, optional) Maximal capacity of external memory card, GB 32 Supported file systems of external memory card, FAT 12, 16, 32 Minimal size of data file, KB 32 Maximal size of data file, MB Size of one block of recorded data (20 parameters), byte 88 Error of clock run, at temperature 25 °C, not more, sec / day 1 Connection to Ethernet or PC 10Base-T / 100Base-T Modbus TCP yes Web-interface yes FTP yes The intent of the device Nominal working mode Protection class rating (case / terminal block) Protection class from electric shock III Climatic version NC3.1 (average and cold zone, indoor) Pollution level III Overvoltage category III Isolation nominal voltage, V 2.5 Cross-section area of connection terminals, mm² 0.4 Weight, kg, not more 0.5 Overall dimensions, mm 91 x 157 x 56.3 Assembling is designed on standard DIN-rack 35 mm		
Power consumption (from line ~220 V), W, not more Power consumption (from power source +24 V), W, not more Period of data recording to the memory card, sec. Period of data recording to the memory card, sec.  External memory storage (memory card, optional)  Maximal capacity of external memory card, GB  Supported file systems of external memory card, FAT  12, 16, 32  Minimal size of data file, KB  32  Maximal size of data file, MB  Size of one block of recorded data (20 parameters), byte  Base Berror of clock run, at temperature 25 °C, not more, sec / day  Connection to Ethernet or PC  Modbus TCP  Web-interface  FTP  The intent of the device Nominal working mode Protection class rating (case / terminal block)  Protection class rating (case / terminal block)  Climatic version  Pollution level  Il  Overvoltage category  Il solation nominal voltage, V  A50  Nominal impulse withstand voltage, kV  Cross-section area of connection terminals, mm²  0.4  Weight, kg, not more  Overall dimensions, mm  91 x 157 x 56.3  Assembling is designed on standard DIN-rack 35 mm		
Power consumption (from power source +24 V), W, not more Period of data recording to the memory card, sec.  Period of data recording to the memory card, sec.  External memory storage (memory card, optional)  Maximal capacity of external memory card, GB  Supported file systems of external memory card, FAT  12, 16, 32  Minimal size of data file, KB  32  Maximal size of data file, MB  Size of one block of recorded data (20 parameters), byte  Error of clock run, at temperature 25 °C, not more, sec / day  Connection to Ethernet or PC  Modbus TCP  Web-interface  Yes  The intent of the device  Nominal working mode  Protection class rating (case / terminal block)  Protection class from electric shock  II  Climatic version  NC3.1 (average and cold zone, indoor)  Pollution level  II  Overvoltage category  Isolation nominal voltage, V  Assembling is designed on standard DIN-rack 35 mm		
Period of data recording to the memory card, sec.  External memory storage (memory card, optional)  Maximal capacity of external memory card, GB  Supported file systems of external memory card, FAT  12, 16, 32  Minimal size of data file, KB  32  Maximal size of data file, MB  Size of one block of recorded data (20 parameters), byte  Error of clock run, at temperature 25 °C, not more, sec / day  Connection to Ethernet or PC  10Base-T / 100Base-T  Modbus TCP  Web-interface  yes  FTP  The intent of the device  Nominal working mode  Protection class rating (case / terminal block)  Protection class from electric shock  Climatic version  Pollution level  Overvoltage category  Ill  Isolation nominal voltage, V  Aso  Nominal impulse withstand voltage, kV  Cross-section area of connection terminals, mm²  0.4  Weight, kg, not more  Overall dimensions, mm  91 x 157 x 56.3  Assembling is designed on standard DIN-rack 35 mm	, , ,	
External memory storage (memory card, optional)  Maximal capacity of external memory card, GB  Supported file systems of external memory card, FAT  12, 16, 32  Minimal size of data file, KB  Size of one block of recorded data (20 parameters), byte  Bize of one block of recorded data (20 parameters), byte  Error of clock run, at temperature 25 °C, not more, sec / day  Connection to Ethernet or PC  Modbus TCP  Web-interface  FTP  The intent of the device  Nominal working mode  Protection class rating (case / terminal block)  Protection class from electric shock  Il  Climatic version  NC3.1 (average and cold zone, indoor)  Pollution level  Overvoltage category  Il Isolation nominal voltage, V  A50  Nominal impulse withstand voltage, kV  Cross-section area of connection terminals, mm²  0.4  Weight, kg, not more  Overvall dimensions, mm  91 x 157 x 56.3  Assembling is designed on standard DIN-rack 35 mm		
Maximal capacity of external memory card, GB  Supported file systems of external memory card, FAT  12, 16, 32  Minimal size of data file, KB  32  Maximal size of one block of recorded data (20 parameters), byte  Error of clock run, at temperature 25 °C, not more, sec / day  Connection to Ethernet or PC  Modbus TCP  Web-interface  FTP  The intent of the device  Nominal working mode  Protection class rating (case / terminal block)  Protection class from electric shock  Il  Climatic version  Pollution level  Overvoltage category  Il solation nominal voltage, V  Nominal impulse withstand voltage, kV  Cross-section area of connection terminals, mm²  Overvolt dimensions, mm  91 x 157 x 56.3  Assembling is designed on standard DIN-rack 35 mm		·
Supported file systems of external memory card, FAT  Minimal size of data file, KB  Maximal size of data file, MB  Size of one block of recorded data (20 parameters), byte  Error of clock run, at temperature 25 °C, not more, sec / day  Connection to Ethernet or PC  Modbus TCP  Web-interface  FTP  The intent of the device  Nominal working mode  Protection class rating (case / terminal block)  Protection class from electric shock  II  Climatic version  Pollution level  Overvoltage category  II solation nominal voltage, V  Nominal impulse withstand voltage, kV  Cross-section area of connection terminals, mm²  Overvall dimensions, mm  91 x 157 x 56.3  Assembling is designed on standard DIN-rack 35 mm		
Minimal size of data file, KB  Maximal size of data file, MB  Size of one block of recorded data (20 parameters), byte  Error of clock run, at temperature 25 °C, not more, sec / day  Connection to Ethernet or PC  Modbus TCP  Web-interface  FTP  The intent of the device  Nominal working mode  Protection class rating (case / terminal block)  Protection class from electric shock  Climatic version  Pollution level  Overvoltage category  Isolation nominal voltage, V  Nominal impulse withstand voltage, kV  Cross-section area of connection terminals, mm²  O.2 - 2.5  Terminal screw, N*m  Weight, kg, not more  Overall dimensions, mm  Pol verace  92  10  10  10  10  10  10  10  10  10  1		
Maximal size of data file, MB  Size of one block of recorded data (20 parameters), byte  Bas  Error of clock run, at temperature 25 °C, not more, sec / day  Connection to Ethernet or PC  Modbus TCP  Web-interface  FTP  The intent of the device  Nominal working mode  Protection class rating (case / terminal block)  Protection class from electric shock  Climatic version  Pollution level  Overvoltage category  Il solation nominal voltage, V  Nominal impulse withstand voltage, kV  Cross-section area of connection terminals, mm²  Overall dimensions, mm  Pol x 157 x 56.3  Assembling is designed on standard DIN-rack 35 mm		
Size of one block of recorded data (20 parameters), byte  Error of clock run, at temperature 25 °C, not more, sec / day  Connection to Ethernet or PC  Modbus TCP  Web-interface  FTP  The intent of the device  Nominal working mode  Protection class rating (case / terminal block)  Protection class from electric shock  Climatic version  Pollution level  Overvoltage category  Isolation nominal voltage, V  Nominal impulse withstand voltage, kV  Cross-section area of connection terminals, mm²  Overvall dimensions, mm  Polverld designed on standard DIN-rack 35 mm		
Error of clock run, at temperature 25 °C, not more, sec / day  Connection to Ethernet or PC  Modbus TCP  Web-interface  FTP  The intent of the device  Nominal working mode  Protection class rating (case / terminal block)  Protection class from electric shock  Climatic version  Pollution level  Overvoltage category  Isolation nominal voltage, V  Nominal impulse withstand voltage, kV  Cross-section area of connection terminals, mm²  Overall dimensions, mm  Assembling is designed on standard DIN-rack 35 mm		
Connection to Ethernet or PC  Modbus TCP  Web-interface  FTP  The intent of the device  Nominal working mode  Protection class rating (case / terminal block)  Protection class from electric shock  Climatic version  Pollution level  Overvoltage category  Ilsolation nominal voltage, V  Nominal impulse withstand voltage, kV  Cross-section area of connection terminals, mm²  Overall dimensions, mm  Assembling is designed on standard DIN-rack 35 mm		88
Modbus TCPyesWeb-interfaceyesFTPyesThe intent of the deviceDigital indication devicesNominal working modecontinuousProtection class rating (case / terminal block)IP40 / IP20Protection class from electric shockIIClimatic versionNC3.1 (average and cold zone, indoor)Pollution levelIIOvervoltage categoryIIIsolation nominal voltage, V450Nominal impulse withstand voltage, kV2.5Cross-section area of connection terminals, mm²0.2 - 2.5Terminal screw, N*m0.4Weight, kg, not more0.5Overall dimensions, mm91 x 157 x 56.3Assembling is designed on standard DIN-rack 35 mm		1
Web-interface yes FTP yes The intent of the device Digital indication devices Nominal working mode continuous Protection class rating (case / terminal block) IP40 / IP20 Protection class from electric shock II Climatic version NC3.1 (average and cold zone, indoor) Pollution level II Overvoltage category II Isolation nominal voltage, V 450 Nominal impulse withstand voltage, kV 2.5 Cross-section area of connection terminals, mm² 0.2 - 2.5 Terminal screw, N*m 0.4 Weight, kg, not more 0.5 Overall dimensions, mm 91 x 157 x 56.3 Assembling is designed on standard DIN-rack 35 mm	Connection to Ethernet or PC	10Base-T / 100Base-T
FTP The intent of the device Nominal working mode Protection class rating (case / terminal block) Protection class from electric shock Climatic version Pollution level Overvoltage category Ilsolation nominal voltage, V Nominal impulse withstand voltage, kV Cross-section area of connection terminals, mm² Terminal screw, N*m Weight, kg, not more Overall dimensions, mm Assembling is designed on standard DIN-rack 35 mm	Modbus TCP	yes
The intent of the device  Nominal working mode  Protection class rating (case / terminal block)  Protection class from electric shock  Climatic version  Pollution level  Overvoltage category  Isolation nominal voltage, V  Nominal impulse withstand voltage, kV  Cross-section area of connection terminals, mm²  Terminal screw, N*m  Weight, kg, not more  Overvall dimensions, mm  Assembling is designed on standard DIN-rack 35 mm	Web-interface	yes
Nominal working mode Protection class rating (case / terminal block) Protection class from electric shock II Climatic version Pollution level II Overvoltage category III Isolation nominal voltage, V Nominal impulse withstand voltage, kV Cross-section area of connection terminals, mm² Terminal screw, N*m Weight, kg, not more Overall dimensions, mm Assembling is designed on standard DIN-rack 35 mm	FTP	yes
Protection class rating (case / terminal block) Protection class from electric shock  Climatic version Pollution level  Overvoltage category Ilsolation nominal voltage, V Nominal impulse withstand voltage, kV Cross-section area of connection terminals, mm² Terminal screw, N*m Weight, kg, not more Overall dimensions, mm Assembling is designed on standard DIN-rack 35 mm	The intent of the device	Digital indication devices
Protection class from electric shock  Climatic version  Pollution level  Overvoltage category  Il  Isolation nominal voltage, V  Nominal impulse withstand voltage, kV  Cross-section area of connection terminals, mm²  Terminal screw, N*m  Weight, kg, not more  Overall dimensions, mm  Assembling is designed on standard DIN-rack 35 mm	Nominal working mode	continuous
Climatic version Pollution level II Overvoltage category III Isolation nominal voltage, V Nominal impulse withstand voltage, kV Cross-section area of connection terminals, mm² Terminal screw, N*m Outube the section of the section o	Protection class rating (case / terminal block)	IP40 / IP20
Pollution level  Overvoltage category  Isolation nominal voltage, V  Nominal impulse withstand voltage, kV  Cross-section area of connection terminals, mm²  Terminal screw, N*m  Weight, kg, not more  Overall dimensions, mm  Assembling is designed on standard DIN-rack 35 mm	Protection class from electric shock	II
Pollution level  Overvoltage category  Ilsolation nominal voltage, V  Nominal impulse withstand voltage, kV  Cross-section area of connection terminals, mm²  Terminal screw, N*m  Weight, kg, not more  Overall dimensions, mm  Assembling is designed on standard DIN-rack 35 mm	Climatic version	NC3.1 (average and cold zone, indoor)
Isolation nominal voltage, V  Nominal impulse withstand voltage, kV  Cross-section area of connection terminals, mm²  Terminal screw, N*m  Weight, kg, not more  Overall dimensions, mm  Assembling is designed on standard DIN-rack 35 mm	Pollution level	`
Isolation nominal voltage, V  Nominal impulse withstand voltage, kV  Cross-section area of connection terminals, mm²  Terminal screw, N*m  Weight, kg, not more  Overall dimensions, mm  Assembling is designed on standard DIN-rack 35 mm	Overvoltage category	II
Nominal impulse withstand voltage, kV  Cross-section area of connection terminals, mm²  Terminal screw, N*m  Weight, kg, not more  Overall dimensions, mm  Assembling is designed on standard DIN-rack 35 mm	Isolation nominal voltage, V	450
Cross-section area of connection terminals, mm <sup>2</sup> Terminal screw, N*m  0.4  Weight, kg, not more  0.5  Overall dimensions, mm  91 x 157 x 56.3  Assembling is designed on standard DIN-rack 35 mm		2.5
Terminal screw, N*m  Weight, kg, not more  Overall dimensions, mm  91 x 157 x 56.3  Assembling is designed on standard DIN-rack 35 mm		0.2 – 2.5
Weight, kg, not more 0.5  Overall dimensions, mm 91 x 157 x 56.3  Assembling is designed on standard DIN-rack 35 mm		
Overall dimensions, mm 91 x 157 x 56.3 Assembling is designed on standard DIN-rack 35 mm	•	
Assembling is designed on standard DIN-rack 35 mm		
	Orientation, user-defined	

## 3.2 INPUT CHARACTERISTICS

Input characteristics of RPM-416 are resulted in Table 3.2. Measurement error is resulted in  $\pm$  % of scale value.

Table 3.2 – Inputs characteristics

Table 3.2 – Inputs characteristics	Value
Item	Value
Voltage input	3 channels
Voltage measuring range, V	3 – 450
Voltage measuring error (for a sine signal)	to 300 V ± 1 %
	exceed 300 V ± 1.5%
Voltage measuring type	RMS / Instant / Peak
Voltage frequency measuring range, Hz	25.00 – 70.00
Voltage frequency measuring error (for sine signal), Hz	± 0.05
THDr measuring range	0 – 100 %
THDr measuring error (if the signal level more than 14% of the range)	± 2 %
Current input	4 channels
Current measuring range, A	0.05 – 10.00
Current measuring error (for a sine signal)	± 1.0 %
Current measuring type	RMS / Instant / Peak
Current sensor type	CT with output 5 A
Supported rating values CT, A	5, 10, 15, 20, 30, 40, 50, 75, 100, 150, 200,
	300, 400, 600, 800, 1000, 1500, 2000
Current frequency measuring range, Hz	25.00 - 70.00
Current frequency measuring error (for sine signal)	± 0.05 %
Overload capability 50 A (not often than once a minute), not more, sec	0.3
THDr measuring range	0 – 100 %
THDr measuring error (if the signal level more than 14% of the range)	± 2 %
*Working power input	3 channels
Active power measuring range, W	30 – 200 000 000
Reactive power measuring rate, VAr	30 – 200 000 000
Gross power measuring range, VA	30 – 200 000 000
Power factor measuring range, cos φ	0.01 – 1.000
Power measuring error (for a sine signal)	± 2 %
Maximum value of active energy scaler, kW*h	999 999 999
Maximum value of reactive energy scaler, kVAr*h	999 999 999
Temperature input	2 channels
Temperature sensor type	PTC1000 / PT1000
Temperature measuring range for PTC1000, °C	from -50.0 to +120.0
Temperature measuring range for PT1000, °C	from -50.0 to +250.0
Temperature measuring error	± 1.5 °C
Voltage input 0 − 10 V (······)	1 channel
Voltage measuring range, V	0.01 - 10.00
Voltage measuring error	± 1.0 %
Voltage sensor type	0 – 10 V / 2 – 10 V
Current input 0 – 20 mA (·····)	1 channel
Current measuring range, mA	0 – 20
Current measuring error	± 1.0 %
Current sensor type	0 – 20 mA / 4 – 20 mA
Digital input	4 channels
Measuring range	closed – opened
Digital signal sensor type	Dry contact
Pulse frequency measurement range, Pulse * min	1 – 29000
Maximum value of pulse scaler	99999999

## 4. DESIGN AND OPERATION PRINCIPLE OF RPM-416

## 4.1 DESIGN

The data logger is constructively made in plastic case intended for fixing on DIN-rack 35 mm, case dimensions (91 x 157 x 57 mm) 9 modules of S type. The case is made of crashworthy, self-extinguishing material.

<sup>\* -</sup> power input has no physical connection terminals, the power parameters are calculated on basis of measured values of voltage and current.

#### 4.2 OPERATION PRINCIPLE

The data logger operation principle is based on the measuring values from all sensors connected to the data logger inputs, accumulating the data in the data logger internal memory and data recording to the external memory storage – memory card (SD / MMC).

### 4.3 REAL TIME CLOCK

The data logger is equipped with the inbuilt real time clock which is powered (in case of main power failure) from inbuilt backup power cell – lithium type battery. The power from the backup supply is sufficient continuous operation of real time clock during 10 years (at temperature 25 °C). In case of data logger operation at temperatures on the limits of working range the working period of clock decreases.

## 5 CONNECTION OF RPM-416 5.1PREPARING FOR CONNECTION:

- -Unpacking the unit (we recommend to save the original package throughout the guarantee life period of the unit);
- -Ensure that unit has no damages after transportation, in case of such refer to supplier or maker;
- -Check the completeness of set (i. 2), in case of non-completeness refer to supplier or maker;
- -Study User's Manual carefully (**special attention should be paid to power supply connection diagram of the unit**);
- -If there are issues concerning unit's installation, please, refer to maker by phone, indicated in the end of this Manual.

#### **5.2 GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

If the temperature of the product after transportation or storage differs from the environment temperature at which it is expected to operate, then before connection to electric mains keep the product under the operating conditions within two hours (because the product elements may have moisture condensation).

ATTENTION! ALL CONNECTIONS MUST BE PERFORMED WHEN THE PRODUCT IS DE-ENERGIZED. Error when performing the installation works may damage the product and connected devices.

To ensure the reliability of the electrical connections one should use flexible (stranded) wires with insulation for a voltage not less than 450 V. Recommended cable cross-section to measure current is within 1,5-2,5 mm<sup>2</sup>, for the rest of connections it is within 0,75-2,5 mm<sup>2</sup>. The wire ends should be cleared from insulation for  $5\pm0,5$  mm and clamped by a sleeve lug. Fixation of wires should exclude mechanical damages, twisting and abrasion of wires' insulation

## IT IS NOT ALLOWED TO LEAVE EXPOSED PORTIONS OF WIRE PROTRUDING BEYOND THE REMOVABLE TERMINAL BLOCK.

For reliable contact it is necessary to perform tightening of screws of removable terminal block with the force specified in Table 3.1.

When reducing the tightening torque, the junction point is heated, terminal block may be melted and wire cane burn. If you increase the tightening torque, it is possible to have thread failure of terminal block screws or the compression of the connected wires.

For reduction of electric field influence the installation of "data logger-sensor" lines should be made as a separate route (or several routes). The routes should be located separately from the power cables as well as away from the cables which make high frequency and impulse noise. The routes should be planned in such a way that the length of signal lines is minimal.

The connection of expansion modules is made with the help of cable CEM-11-1 (see Item 5.4, the cable is supplied along with every expansion module).

The connection of the data logger to Ethernet network is carried out by the cable made according to the standard ANSI EIA TIA 568B (see Item 5.5, the cable is supply along with the data logger).

During use of backup power supply the connection is made to the same terminals as the main power source. It is necessary to have a scheme ABI (Automatic Backup Input) for switching from the main power source to the backup power supply.

For ensuring the continuous data recording ABI should switch power supply to backup source within period not more than 0.5 sec.

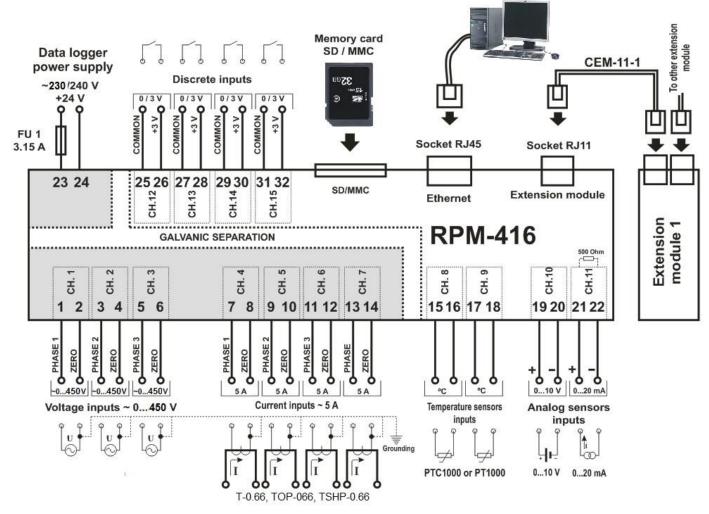
To improve operational properties of the product it is recommended to install the fuse (fuse element), or the equivalent for current of 3.15 A in power supply circuit for RPM-416.

#### **5.3 CONNECTION**

The connection of RPM-416 is made according to the scheme resulted in picture 5.1. In order to improve safety in the power circuit logger is recommended to install a fuse nominal value of 3.15 A.



**NOTE:** TERMINALS (23, 24) FOR CONNECTION TO POWER SUPPLY ARE DESIGNED FOR THE MAXIMUM VOLTAGE OF 300 V, AND TERMINAL FOR VOLTAGE MEASUREMENT (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6) ARE DESIGNED FOR THE MAXIMUM VOLTAGE OF 450 V. TO AVOID THE ELECTRICAL INSULATION BREAKDOWN, **DO NOT CONNECT** THE VOLTAGE SOURCES EXCEEDING THE SPECIFIED VALUES.



FU1 - The fuse (circuit breaker) for current 3.15 A

Figure 5.1 – Connection diagram of RPM-416

## 5.4 CONNECTION OF EXPANSION MODULES TO RPM-416

Up to 4 expansion modules can be connected to the data logger at the same time. At attempt to add more than specified quantity of modules the data logger stop to perceive all modules and switches them off.

The expansion modules installation should be carried out with the data logger power being switched off.

The module connection should be made with cable CEM-11-1 (is not supplied with the data logger).

The number indication of cable CEM-11-1 terminals is resulted in the picture 5.2.

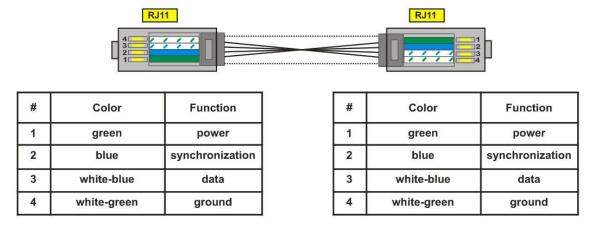


Figure 5.2 – Number indication of cable CEM-11-1

One end of the cable is connected to the socket RJ11 located in the data logger as shown in picture 5.1, the other end of the cable is connected to the socket RJ11 located in the expansion module.

The connection linkage is made automatically after power input to the data logger.

The cable CEM-11-1 is supplied with every expansion module.



THE CONNECTION OF EXPANSION MODULES SHOULD BE MADE ON THE RIGHT SIDE OF REGISTER CASE AND ONLY VIA CABLE CEM-11-1 (See. Fig. 5.1).

### 5.5 CONNECTION OF RPM-416 TO ETHERNET NETWORK

Connection of the data logger to Ethernet network is carried out via the cable made according to the standard ANSI EIA TIA 568B category Cat.3 and higher (supplied with the device).

The numeral indication of such cable is shown in the picture 5.3.

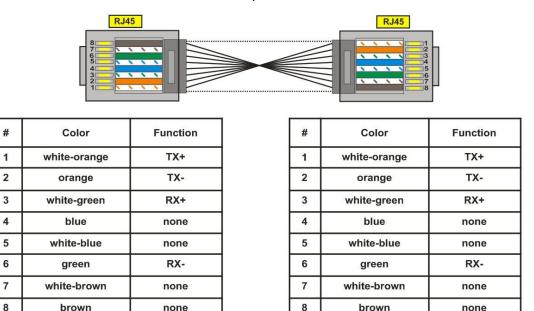


Figure 5.3 – Numeral indication of cable for connection to Ethernet

One end of the cable is connected to the socket RJ45 located in the data logger as shown in the picture 5.1, the other end of the cable is connected to the socket of network adapter located in the PC or other network device. LED indicators, located near the socket RJ45. indicate:

- green data interchange;
- **yellow** communication.

For communication connection via Ethernet interface the data logger and PC should be in the same IP-sub net. Programming of the data logger while connection to Ethernet network is described in Appendix A.

Programming of the data logger while connection to Internet network is described in Appendix B.

### **6 SCOPE OF INTENDED USE**

#### 6.1 THE USE OF DATA LOGGER RPM-416

#### 6.1.1 Initialization

After supply of the power to the data logger the process of initialization takes place, the LED indicator **POWER** (Fig. 1.2 item 9) and on the display (Fig. 3.2 item 1) there is a printed message shown in the picture 6.1.

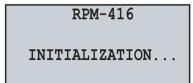


Figure 6.1 –Initialization of Data logger

#### 6.1.2 Main screen

After completion of initialization, the main screen will be shown on the display which view depends on if a memory card is installed or is not installed. In the figure 6.2 both variants of main screen views are shown.

We 03.09.2014 16:01
Used: 0.00 B
Free: 0.00 B
# Menu Start<Meas.>
With memory card

We 03.09.2014 16:01
The memory card
is not installed.
# Menu Start<Meas.>

Without memory card

Figure 6.2 – Main screen view (with and without memory card)

In the first line there is shown the current date and time in form of DD dd mm yyyy HH:MM, where:

DD - day of week:

Mon - Monday; Tue - Tuesday; Wed - Wednesday;

```
Thu
              - Thursday;
              - Friday;
      Fri
      Sat
              - Saturday;
      Sun
              - Sunday.
dd
      - date:
mm
      - month:
     year;
уууу
HH
      - hours:
      - minutes.
MM
```

In the second and third lines there is information of occupied and free space on the memory card ("**Used**" – Used space and "**Free**" – free space).

In case there is no memory card installed the display shows the following message "Memory card is not installed".

In the fourth line there are shown the main menu items of the data logger control. The choice of the menu items is made by buttons  $\triangleleft$  (left) or  $\triangleright$  (right) (the selected item of the menu is illuminated by indicator " $\triangleleft$   $\triangleright$ "), the conformation of the item is made by pressing the button  $\triangleright$  (enter).

The main menu items of the Data logger:

- "Menu" opens the menu of the data logger control;
- "Start" starts the process of data recording to the memory card;
- "Stop" stops the process of data recording to the memory card;
- "Pause" pauses the process of data recording to the memory card;
- "Cont." resumes the process of data recording to the memory card;
- "Meas." opens the menu for measured values review.

### 6.1.3 Main screen menu items dissimulation

If during 10 seconds no button on the front panel was pressed the menu items of data logger control will be dissimulated and instead of them there will be shown the current state of the data logger (Fig. 6.3).

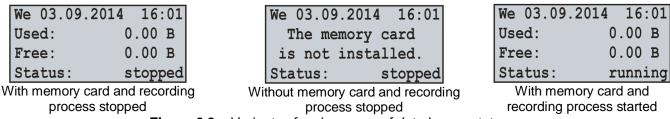


Figure 6.3 – Variants of main screen of data logger state.

In order to restore the indication of menu items of data logger control it is enough to press any button on the front panel of the data logger. The indication of the data logger state will be dissimulated and the control menu items will be shown instead (Fig. 6.2).

### 6.1.4 Starting up and finishing of data recording process

To start the process of data recording to the memory card it is necessary to select with the buttons ◀ (left) or ► (right) the menu item "Start", then by pressing the button ଢ (enter) to confirm the choice, on the data logger display there will be a message confirming the beginning of the recording process (Fig. 6.4) and LED indicator RECORDING will be on (Fig. 1.2 item 7). After 3 seconds the main screen (Fig. 6.4) will be shown on the data logger display.

On the main screen there will be alternatively shown information of the free and occupied space on the memory card (Fig. 6.4 – Main screen (variant 1)), as well as the name and size of the last recorded file (Fig. 6.4 – Main screen (variant 2)).

The information interchange on the main screen still continues after stopping of the data recording process.

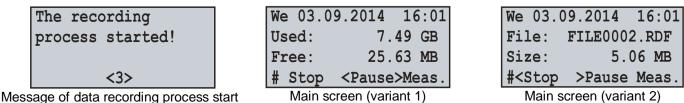


Figure 6.4 – Main menu view after start of data recording process

If there is no mistakes in configuration, the data logger creates a new file in the following path "RPM-416\2014\JUL\03\FILE0001.RDF", where:

- "RPM-416" data logger core catalogue;
- "2014" sub catalogue with indication of the current year (1980 2107);
- "JUL" sub catalogue with indication of the current month (Jan, Feb, Mar, Apr, May, Jun, Jul, Aug, Sep,

Oct, Nov, Dec);

"03" – sub catalogue with indication of the current date (01 – 31);

"FILE0001.RDF" – the file name with extension "RDF" (FILE0001 – FILE9999).

When the file size reaches the user defined limit (32 KB – 512 MB), the data logger automatically creates a new file with the following name "FILE0002.RDF". When the file name reaches the maximum ("FILE9999.RDF"), the recording process will be terminated and on the data logger display there will be a message about an error shown in the figure 6.5. The LED indicator **RECORDING** (Fig. 1.2, item 7) will start flickering indicating that there is a mistake in the data logger operation.

```
ERROR #13 1/1
Limit exceeded
(9999), the file
name! <OK>
```

Figure 6.5 – The message about an error when the file name reaches the limit

For confirming the error it is necessary to press the button (enter) (Fig. 1.2, item 5). The LED indicator **RECORDING** (Fig. 1.2, item 7) will start flickering indicating that the recording process is paused.

Depending on selected by user the recorded readings (the maximal number of recorded at the same time readings is equal to 20), one data block size being recorded to the memory card for 20 readings is 88 bytes.

The stream of recorded data at discretion 1 ms for 20 readings is:

88 KB / sec, 5.28 MB / min or 316.8 MB / hour.

stream of recorded data at discretion 1 s for 20 readings is:

88 byte / sec, 5.28 KB / min or 316.8 KB / hour.

In order to stop the recording process it is necessary on the main screen of the data logger (Fig. 6.6) by buttons ◀ (left) or ▶ (right) to select a menu item **STOP**, and by button **(enter)** to confirm the selection. On the display of the data logger there will be a message (Fig. 6.6), in which it is necessary to confirm the stop of the recording process.

```
We 03.09.2014 16:01
File: FILE0002.RDF
Size: 5.06 MB
#<Stop >Pause Meas.
```

Really stop recording?

YES <NO>

Main screen Screen of confirming the recording process stop "Yes" / "No"

Figure 6.6 – View of main screen and screen of confirming the recording process stop

For confirming the recording process stop it is necessary to select by buttons ◀ (left) or ► (right) indicator position "YES", and by button **(enter)** confirm the selection, the data logger will stop the recording process of data to the memory card the LED indicator **RECORDING** (Fig. 1.2, item 7) will light off and the display will look as shown in the figure 6.2 (with memory card).

After locating the indicator in position "**NO**", the data logger will continue recording and there will be on the display the main screen resulted in the figure 6.6.

If during the recording the memory card is full and has no free space, then depending on the selected type of recording ("**Until memory**" or "**The ring**"):

"**Until memory**" – there will be a message about an error on the display (resulted in the figure 6.7), and the recording automatically stops.

```
ERROR #10! 1/1
Memory card is full!
```

Figure 6.7 – A message about an error when there is no free space on the memory card

"The ring" – there will be a message on the display about the deleting of old files (resulted in the figure 6.8).

The data logger makes searching and deleting the old files in order to free some space on the memory card for creating a new file.

```
We 03.09.2014 16:20
Removing old files
Free: 20.15 MB
# Stop <Pause>Meas.
```

Figure 6.8 – A screen of old files deleting



During old files deleting the data recording to the memory card pause and after freeing the available space for a new file, the recording starts automatically.

### 6.1.5 Data recording at event

RPM-416 can make data recording at event (this mode is described in the chapter 7, item 7.6).

If the data recording at event is switched on, the values measured by the data logger continuously are being recorded in temporary buffer storage with a user defined periodic sequence (parameter "**Discreteness**" at default is **1 ms**). Maximal length of temporary buffer storage is 1480 recordings.

The buffer storage is a sequential date, where the reading is performed from "beginning", and recording is made to "end". When the buffer is full the data deleting is performed from "beginning", and the new data is being located in "end".

In RPM-416 there are available five sources of events, every of which can be set individually to any of the data logger inputs.

Until the event happens, the data logger continuously checks the measured values with the up and down limits specified by the user during the event setting. If the measured value is higher (up limit) or lower (down limit) the event is generated.

After the event happens, the data recording is performed in three stages, as resulted in figure 6.9.

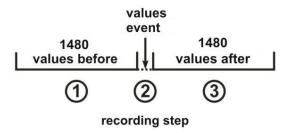


Figure 6.9 – Data recording at event (stages)

At the first stage, the values accumulated in the temporal buffer storage are recorded.

At the second stage the value generated the event is recorded.

At the third stage after event changed values are recorded.

After completion of all stages of recording the data logger goes to stand-by mode waiting for a new event.

The number of values recorded before and after the event is set by parameters "**Points before**" and "**Points after**" in the menu of events setting (Chapter 7, item 7.6.2).

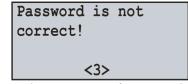
If the limit of the event is set for a single recording ("**ONCE**" Chapter 7, item 7.6.4.2), then there will be no generating of the next event if the measured value is lower (up level) or higher (down level) of specified limits.

If the event limit is set on continuous recording ("**LONG**" Chapter 7, item 7.6.4.2), then after the event happens the data recording will continue, until the measured value is higher (up level) or lower (down level) of specified limits.

## 6.1.6 The main menu of the data logger

For entering in the data logger main menu it is necessary: on the main screen by buttons ◀ (left) or ▶ (right) to select item "MENU/MEHЮ", and by button **(enter)** to confirm the selection. If the password was set before the data logger asks to enter the password (Fig. 6.10 Screen of password entering).

PASSWORD	7 8 9
	4<5>6
^	1 2 3
OK CANCEL	0 c



Screen of password entering

Message about an error of password entering

Fig. 6.10 – Screen of password entering and screen of an error of password entering

The password entering is carried out in the following manner: by buttons  $\triangleleft$  (left),  $\triangleright$  (right),  $\blacktriangle$  (up) and  $\blacktriangledown$  (down) make the selection of one digit of password (the selected digit is illuminated by cursor), and by button  $\blacksquare$  (enter) confirm the selection.

Sign "A" indicates the digit which is selected at the moment.

To delete one digit of the password it is necessary to set a cursor in position "c" (for example in case of error selection).

After completion of password selection it is necessary to set a cursor in position "**OK**" and press the button **©** (enter), if the password is not correct there will be a message about the mistake on the display resulted in the figure 6.10.

If the password is correct or if the password was deactivated by the user, there will be a list of main menu available items on the display of the data logger.

The screen of the data logger main menu is resulted in the figure 6.11.

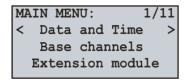


Figure 6.11 – Screen of the data logger main menu

The selection of the menu items is made by buttons ▲ (up) or ▼ (down), the confirmation of the selection is

RPM-416 NOVATEK-ELECTRO

made by button (enter).

To escape from the main menu it is necessary to press the button ◀ (left). If there were made changes in settings, the data logger asks to save them by the message on the display resulted in figure 6.12. Otherwise on the data logger display there will be the main screen (Fig. 6.2).

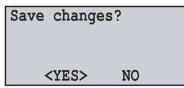


Figure 6.12 - Screen of saving the changes

To confirm the saving it is necessary by button ◀ (left) locate the cursor in position "YES" and press the button (enter). The data logger makes saving of the settings in nonvolatile memory and the display will show the main menu (Fig. 6.2).

To cancel the saving of the settings it is necessary by button ▶ (right) to put the cursor in position "NO" and press the button **(enter)**. The data logger will load the settings from the nonvolatile memory and the display will show the main menu (Fig. 6.2).

The full list of items of the main menu is described Chapter 7 "The setting of the data logger RPM-416".



The item "**MENU**" of the main screen (Fig. 6.2) is available when the data recording to the memory card is stopped. To stop the recording process it is necessary to follow the procedure described in item 6.1.4.

#### 6.1.7 The review of measured values

To review the measured values it is necessary: on the main screen by buttons  $\triangleleft$  (left) or  $\triangleright$  (right) to select item "**Measuring**", and by the button  $\triangleright$  (enter) confirm the selection. The display shows the first of a list of available channels and the measured values.

The screen of measured values for channel 1 is resulted in figure 6.13.

Voltage: 0.0 V Frequency: 0.00 Hz THDr: 0 % <BACK> ↑,↓,←,→ CH01

Figure 6.13 – Screen of measured values for channel 1

The first three lines are displayed measured values available for this channel.

The fourth line displays the menu item "BACK" navigation direction symbols and channel number ("CH01").

Shifting to the next open channel is made by pressing the button ◀ (left) or ▶ (right), and by buttons ▲ (up) or ▼ (down) you can scroll through the list of available measuring.

To escape from the screen of measured values it is necessary to press the button **(enter)**, the display will go to initial view (Fig. 6.4 − Main screen).

In the table 6.1 there is a list of channels with corresponding names of measured values.

**Table 6.1** – The list of channels with corresponding names of measured values

Ch.			Number va	lues		
Cn.	1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Voltage RMS, V	Frequency, Hz	THDr, %	Peak + voltage, V	Peak - voltage, V	Instantaneous voltage, V
2	Voltage RMS, V	Frequency, Hz	THDr, %	Peak + voltage, V	Peak - voltage, V	Instantaneous voltage, V
3	Voltage RMS, V	Frequency, Hz	THDr, %	Peak + voltage, V	Peak - voltage, V	Instantaneous voltage, V
4	Current RMS, A	Frequency, Hz	THDr, %	Peak + current, A	Peak – current, A	Instantaneous current, A
5	Current RMS, A	Frequency, Hz	THDr, %	Peak + current, A	Peak - current, A	Instantaneous current, A
6	Current RMS, A	Frequency, Hz	THDr, %	Peak + current, A	Peak - current, A	Instantaneous current, A
7	Current RMS, A	Frequency, Hz	THDr, %	Peak + current, A	Peak - current, A	Instantaneous current, A
8	Temperature, °C					
9	Temperature, °C					
10	Analog voltage, V	User's Value				
11	Analog current, mA	User's Value				
12	Digital input	Frequency, Pulse*min	Pulse Scaler			

Table 6.1 (continued)

Ch.	Number values						
Cn.	1	2	3	4	5	6	
13	Digital Input	Frequency, Pulse*min	Pulse Scaler				
14	Digital Input	Frequency, Pulse*min	Pulse Scaler				
15	Digital input	Frequency, Pulse*min	Pulse Scaler				
16	Active power, W	Reactive power, var	Full power, VA	Power factor, cos φ	Active Energy Scaler, kW*h	Reactive Energy Scaler, kVAr*h	
17	7 Active Reactive Full Power Active Energy Reactive Energy power, W power, var power, VA factor, cos φ Scaler, kW*h Scaler, kVAr*h						
18	Active power, W	Reactive power, var	Full power, VA	Power factor, cos φ	Active Energy Scaler, kW*h	Reactive Energy Scaler, kVAr*h	
19	Line voltage AB, V	Line voltage BC, V	Line voltage CA, V	Negative sequence voltage, V	Positive sequence voltage, V	Zero sequence voltage, V	
20-40	20-40 The names of the measured values depends on the connected expansion modules						

Channels 16, 17, 18 and 19 do not have a physical connection of the terminals, their values are calculated from the measured values of the respective current and voltage:

- Channel 1 and Channel 4;
- Channel 17 = Channel 2 and Channel 5;
- Channel 18 = Channel 3 and Channel 6;
- Channel 19 = Channel 1, Channel 2 and Channel 3

#### 6.1.8 Error message confirmation

In the process of the data logger work there can happen different errors (real time clock error, data exchange failure, settings failure etc.).

The total list of possible errors is presented in Table 6.2.

If an error takes place it is shown on the display of the data logger. The LED indicator **RECORD** begins to blink.

The error message will be on the display until all errors are confirmed.

Screen with an error message is resulted in the figure 6.14.

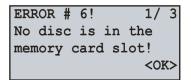


Figure 6.14 – Screen with an error message

In the first line there is a description of error and its code "ERROR # 6!". As well in the first line there is a current number of error and total quantity of errors "1/3".

In the second, third and fourth lines there is an error text.

By buttons ▲ (up) and ▼ (down) you can scroll the list of errors and by button **(enter)** you can confirm the current error.

If all the error are confirmed by user but the data logger continues to state the active errors, the LED indicator **RECORD** continues to flicker. After 20 seconds the data logger will again show the active errors on the display.

If there are no active errors and the user confirmed all the errors, LED indicator **RECORD** lights off – in case the recording is stopped, lights on – in case the recording continues or lights flicker – in case the recording is paused.

**Table 6.2** – Total list of possible errors of the data logger

Error code	Error message	Troubleshooting method	
# 1	Failure is detected real-time clock	Set the date and time.	
# 2	No connection with ADC!		
# 3	No connection to MM!	Switch off and switch an again the data lagger	
# 4 No connection with EM!		Switch off and switch on again the data logger.	
# 5	No connection with ROM!		
# 6	No disc is in the memory card slot!	! Insert the memory card in slot of the data logger.	
# 7	Disk is write protected!	Deactivate the recording protection on the memory card.	
# 8	Unable to initialize the disk!	Switch off and switch on again the data logger.	
# 9	Unable to connect to the disk!	Take out and insert the memory card in the data logger. Replace the memory card.	

RPM-416 NOVATEK-ELECTRO

#10 Memory card is full!  #11 Unable to read data from the disk!  #12 Unable to create or open a directory RDF!  #13 Limit exceeded (9999), the file name!  #14 Unable to get the list of files!  #15 Can not create file!  #16 Unable to write to file!  #17 Damaged settings in the flash memory!  #18 Unable to save settings to flash memory!  #19 Damage the calibration in flash memory!  #20 Memory overflow  #21 - #32 Unknown error!  #21 - #32 Unknown error!  #22 Memory overflow  #23 Unknown error!  #24 UsabeFaULT_HANDLER  NMI_HANDLER  STACK_OVERFLOW  LCD_Init  SPI1_Config  SPI2_Config  SPI3_Config  SPI3_Co	Error code	Error message	Troubleshooting method
#10 Memory card is full!  #11 Unable to read data from the disk!  #12 Unable to create or open a directory RDF!  #13 Limit exceeded (9999), the file name!  #14 Unable to get the memory card.  #15 Can not create file!  #16 Unable to write to file!  #17 Damaged settings in the flash memory!  #18 Unable to save settings to flash memory!  #19 Damage the calibration in flash memory!  #20 Memory overflow Switch off and switch on again the data logger.  #21 -#32 Unknown error!  #20 Memory overflow Switch off and switch on again the data logger.  #21 -#32 Unknown error!  #20 Memory overflow Switch off and switch on again the data logger.  #21 -#32 Unknown error!  #20 Memory overflow Switch off and switch on again the data logger.  #21 -#32 Unknown error!  #20 Memory overflow Switch off and switch on again the data logger.  #21 -#32 Unknown error!  #20 Memory overflow Switch off and switch on again the data logger.  #21 -#32 Unknown error!  #20 Memory overflow Switch off and switch on again the data logger.  #21 -#32 Unknown error!  #20 Memory overflow Switch off and switch on again the data logger.  #21 -#32 Unknown error!  #20 Memory overflow Switch off and switch on again the data logger.  #21 -#32 Unknown error!  #22 Signal offigure in the flash memory!  #23 Unable to save settings to flash memory!  #24 -#32 Unknown error!  #25 Unknown error!  #26 Signal offigure in the flash memory card.  #27 Replace the memory card.  #28 Reset the settings of the data logger.  #28 Reset the beatings of the data logger.  #29 Reset the data logger.  #20 Memory overflow Switch off and switch on again the data logger.  #27 -#32 Unknown error!  #28 Unable to save settings to flash memory!  #29 Memory overflow Switch off and switch on again the data logger.  **The reserved errors codes.  **Switch off and switch on again the data logger.  **The reserved errors codes.  **Switch off and switch on again the data logger.  **The reserved errors.  **Switch off and switch on again the data logger.  **The reserved errors codes.  **Switch off and		<u> </u>	
#11 Unable to read data from the disk!  #12 Unable to create or open a directory RDF!  #13 Limit exceeded (9999), the file name!  #14 Unable to get the list of files!  #15 Can not create file!  #16 Unable to write to file!  #17 Damaged settings in the flash memory!  #18 Unable to save settings to flash memory!  #19 Damage the calibration in flash memory!  #20 Memory overflow  #21 - #32 Unknown error!  #21 - #32 Unknown error!  #22 - MM HANDLER	#10	Memory card is full!	
#11 Unable to read data from the disk!  #12 Unable to create or open a directory RDF! #13 Limit exceeded (9999), the file name!  #14 Unable to get the list of files!  #15 Can not create file! #16 Unable to save settings in the flash memory!  #17 Damaged settings in the flash memory!  #18 Unable to save settings to flash memory!  #19 Damage the calibration in flash memory!  #20 Memory overflow  #21 - #32 Unknown error!  #21 - #32 Unknown error!  #22 MENDFAULT_HANDLER  NMI_HANDLER BUSFAULT_HANDLER STACK_OVERFLOW LCD_Init SPI1_Config USAGEFAULT_HANDLER SPI1_Config SPI2_Config SPI3_Config SPI3_C			
#12 Unable to create or open a directory RDF!  #13 Limit exceeded (9999), the file name!  #14 Unable to get the list of flies!  #15 Can not create file!  #16 Unable to write to file!  #17 Damaged settings in the flash memory!  #18 Unable to save settings to flash memory!  #19 Damage the calibration in flash memory!  #20 Memory overflow  #21 -#32 Unknown error!  #21 -#32 Unknown error!  #22 Memory overflow  #23 Unknown error!  #24 LOD Init  STACK OVERFLOW  SPIL Config  -	#11	Unable to read data from the disk!	
#12 Unable to create or open a directory RDF! #13 Limit exceeded (9999), the file name!  #14 Unable to get the list of files!  #15 Can not create file! #16 Unable to write to file! #17 Damaged settings in the flash memory!  #18 Unable to save settings to flash memory!  #19 Damage the calibration in flash memory!  #20 Memory overflow  #20 Memory overflow  #21 - #32 Unknown error!  #22 MEMMANAGE HANDLER  NMI_HANDLER  STACK_OVERFLOW  LCD_Init  STINGS_Init  SPI3_Config  SPI3_Config  BUTTON_Init  SPI3_Config  BUTTON_Init  SPAM_Init  RTC_Init  ADCM_Init  ADCM_Init  CPStack_Init  TCPStack_Init			
#13 Limit exceeded (9999), the file name!  #14 Unable to get the list of files! #15 Can not create file! #16 Unable to write to file! #17 Damaged settings in the flash memory!  #18 Unable to save settings to flash memory!  #19 Damage the calibration in flash memory!  #20 Memory overflow  #21 - #32 Unknown error!  #21 - #32 Unknown error!  #22 MEMMANAGE_HANDLER	#12		
#13 Limit exceeded (9999), the file name!  #14 Unable to get the list of files!  #15 Can not create file!  #16 Unable to write to file!  #17 Damaged settings in the flash memory!  #18 Unable to save settings to flash memory!  #19 Damaged settings to flash memory!  #19 Damage the calibration in flash memory!  #20 Memory overflow  #21 - #32 Unknown error!		open a directory RDF!	
#14 Unable to get the list of files!  #15 Can not create file!  #16 Unable to write to file!  #17 Damaged settings in the flash memory!  #18 Unable to save settings to flash memory!  #19 Damage the calibration in flash memory!  #20 Memory overflow  #21 - #32 Unknown error!  #22 O Memory overflow  #23 Unknown error!  #24 - #32 Unknown error!  #25 Unknown error!  #26 FAULT HANDLER		Limit exceeded (9999), the file	
#14 Unable to get the list of files!  #15 Can not create file!  #16 Unable to write to file!  #17 Damaged settings in the flash memory!  #18 Unable to save settings to flash memory!  #19 Damage the calibration in flash memory!  #20 Memory overflow  #21 + #32 Unknown error!  NMI_HANDLER HARDFAULT_HANDLER BUSFAULT_HANDLER STACK_OVERFLOW STACK_OVERFLOW STH_Config SPI3_Config SPI3_Co	#13		
#15 Can not create file!  #16 Unable to write to file!  #17 Damaged settings in the flash memory!  #18 Unable to save settings to flash memory!  #19 Damage the calibration in flash memory!  #20 Memory overflow  #21 - #32 Unknown error!  #21 - #32 Unknown error!  #21 - #32 Unknown error!  #22			
#15 Can not create file! #16 Unable to write to file! #17 Damaged settings in the flash memory!  #18 Unable to save settings to flash memory!  #19 Damage the calibration in flash memory!  #20 Memory overflow Switch off and switch on again the data logger.  #21 - #32 Unknown error!  #21 - #32 Unknown error!  NMI_HANDLER HARDFAULT_HANDLER BUSFAULT_HANDLER STACK_OVERFLOW SETTINGS_Init SPI3_Config SPI3_Config ADC1_Config BUTTON_Init SPAM_Init SRAM_Init ADCM_Init Modules_Init Modules_Init TCPStack_ Init	#14		
#16 Unable to write to file!  #17 Damaged settings in the flash memory!  #18 Unable to save settings to flash memory!  #19 Damage the calibration in flash memory!  #20 Memory overflow  #21 - #32 Unknown error!  #21 - #32 Unknown error!  #22 Unknown error!  #23 Unknown error!  #24 - #32 Unknown error!  #25 Unknown error!  #26 MEMMANAGE HANDLER  #27 - BUSAGEFAULT_HANDLER  #28 USAGEFAULT_HANDLER  #38 WICH off and switch on again the data logger.  #49 The data logger should be calibrated.  #40 This procedure can be performed only at the manufacturer plant.  #40 Wempary overflow  #40 Switch off and switch on again the data logger.  #41 **32 Unknown error!  #40 Wempary overflow  #41 **32 Unknown error!  #41 **43 **2 Unknown error!  #42 Unknown error!  #42 Unknown error!  #44 **4 Unknown error!  #45 **4 Unknown error!  #46 **4 Unknown error!  #47 **4 Unknown error!  #48 **Eeset the data logger.  #49 **Eeset the data logger.  #48 **Eeset the data logger.  #49 **Eeset the data logger.  #49 **Eeset the data logger.  #49 **Eeset the data logger.  #40 **Eeset the data logger.  #40 **Eeset the data logger.  #40 **The data logger should be calibrated.  This procedure can be performed only at the manufacturer plant.  **Eeset the data logger.  **The data logger should be calibrated.  This procedure can be performed only at the manufacturer plant.  **Eeset the data logger.  **The data logger should be calibrated.  This procedure can be performed only at the manufacturer plant.  **Eeset the data logger.  **The data logger should be calibrated.  This procedure can be performed only at the manufacturer plant.  **Eeset the data logger.  **Critical error.  **Switch off and switch on again the data logger.  **Critical error.  **Switch off and switch on agai	#15		,
#17 Damaged settings in the flash memory!  #18 Unable to save settings to flash memory!  #19 Damage the calibration in flash memory!  #20 Memory overflow  #21 - #32 Unknown error!  #21 - #32 Unknown error!  #22			
#18 Unable to save settings to flash memory!  #19 Damage the calibration in flash memory!  #20 Memory overflow Switch off and switch on again the data logger.  #21 - #32 Unknown error!  NMI_HANDLER HARDFAULT_HANDLER BUSFAULT_HANDLER USAGEFAULT_HANDLER STACK_OVERFLOW LCD_Init STING_Config SPI1_Config SPI2_Config SPI3_Config SPI3_Config SPI3_Config SD_Init SD_Init SCAM_Init SRAM_Init RTC_Init ADCM_Init ADCM_Init ADCM_Init COURTER INIT COURTER			
#18 Unable to save settings to flash memory!  #19 Damage the calibration in flash memory!  #20 Memory overflow  #21 - #32 Unknown error!	#17	-	
#19 Damage the calibration in flash memory!  #20 Memory overflow Switch off and switch on again the data logger.  #21 - #32 Unknown error! The reserved errors codes.  "" NMI_HANDLER  "" HARDFAULT_HANDLER  "" BUSFAULT_HANDLER  "" STACK_OVERFLOW  "" SETTINGS_Init  "" SETTINGS_Init  "" SPI1_Config  "" SPI2_Config  "" SPI3_Config  "" SPI3_Config  "" SPI3_Config  "" SPI1_Config  "" SPI3_Config  "" SP			
#19 Damage the calibration in flash memory!  #20 Memory overflow Switch off and switch on again the data logger.  #21 - #32 Unknown error! Switch off and switch on again the data logger.  NMI_HANDLER HARDFAULT_HANDLER MEMMANAGE_HANDLER BUSFAULT_HANDLER STACK_OVERFLOW LCD_Init SETTINGS_Init SPI1_Config SPI1_Config SPI3_Config SPI3_Config SPI3_Config BUTTON_Init DIGINP_Init SD_Init RTC_Init RTC_Init Modules_Init USART2_Init Modules_Init Modules_Init TCPStack_Init	#18	_	
#19		•	
#20 Memory overflow Switch off and switch on again the data logger.  #21 - #32 Unknown error! The reserved errors codes. Switch off and switch on again the data logger.  NMI_HANDLER HARDFAULT_HANDLER BUSFAULT_HANDLER USAGEFAULT_HANDLER STACK_OVERFLOW STACK_OVERFLOW SETTINGS_Init SETTINGS_Init SPI1_Config SPI1_Config SPI3_Config SPI3_Config ADC1_Config NVIC_Config NVIC_Config SD_Init DIGINP_Init SD_Init SRAM_Init RTC_Init Modules_Init Modules_Init TCPStack_Init	#19		
#20 Memory overflow #21 - #32 Unknown error!  NMI_HANDLER HARDFAULT_HANDLER BUSFAULT_HANDLER USAGEFAULT_HANDLER STACK_OVERFLOW STINGS_Init SPI1_Config SPI1_Config SPI1_Config SPI3_Config SPI3_Co	#15	in flash memory!	
#21 - #32  Unknown error!   NMI_HANDLER  HARDFAULT_HANDLER  BUSFAULT_HANDLER  STACK_OVERFLOW  LCD_Init  SETTINGS_Init  TIM2_Config  SPI3_Config	#20	Memory overflow	
#21 - #32  NMI_HANDLER HARDFAULT_HANDLER MEMMANAGE_HANDLER BUSFAULT_HANDLER STACK_OVERFLOW LCD_Init TIM2_Config TIM2_Config SPI3_Config SPI3_Config SPI3_Config NVIC_Config NVIC_Config DIGINP_Init SD_Init SRAM_Init ADCM_Init ADCM_Init USART2_Init Modules_Init Modules_Init TCPStack_Init		,	
NMI_HANDLER HARDFAULT_HANDLER BUSFAULT_HANDLER STACK_OVERFLOW LCD_Init SETTINGS_Init TIM2_Config SPI3_Config SPI3_Config SPI3_Config NVIC_Config NVIC_Config BUSTON_Init BUTTON_Init SRAM_Init SRAM_Init RTC_Init ADCM_Init USART2_Init Modules_Init TCPStack_Init	#21 - #32	Unknown error!	
HARDFAULT_HANDLER MEMMANAGE_HANDLER BUSAGULT_HANDLER STACK_OVERFLOW LCD_Init SETTINGS_Init TIM2_Config ETH_Config SPI3_Config SPI3_Config ADC1_Config NVIC_Config USART2_Config BUTTON_Init BUTTON_Init SRAM_Init RTC_Init ADCM_Init USART2_Init Modules_Init Modules_Init TCPStack_Init		NMI HANDI ER	owner on and switch on again the data logger.
MEMMANAGE_HANDLER BUSFAULT_HANDLER USAGEFAULT_HANDLER STACK_OVERFLOW LCD_Init SETTINGS_Init TIM2_Config ETH_Config SPI1_Config SPI3_Config SPI3_Config NVIC_Config USART2_Config BUTTON_Init BUTTON_Init SD_Init SRAM_Init SRAM_Init ADCM_Init ADCM_Init Modules_Init Modules_Init TCPStack_Init			
BUSFAULT_HANDLER USAGEFAULT_HANDLER STACK_OVERFLOW LCD_Init SETTINGS_Init TIM2_Config ETH_Config SP13_Config SP13_Config USART2_Config USART2_Config DIGINP_Init SD_Init SRAM_Init SRAM_Init RTC_Init Modules_Init Modules_Init TCPStack_Init TCPStack_Init TCPStack_Init CTitical error Switch off and switch on again the data logger Critical error Switch off and switch on again the data logger.			
USAGEFAULT_HANDLER STACK_OVERFLOW LCD_Init SETTINGS_Init TIM2_Config ETH_Config SPI1_Config SPI3_Config SPI3_Config MC1_Config USART2_Config NVIC_Config BUTTON_Init DIGINP_Init SD_Init SRAM_Init SRAM_Init ADCM_Init ADCM_Init USART2_Init Modules_Init Modules_Init TCPStack_Init			
STACK_OVERFLOW LCD_Init SETTINGS_Init SETTINGS_Init TIM2_Config ETH_Config SPI3_Config SPI3_Config SPI3_Config NVIC_Config NVIC_Config BUTTON_Init BUTTON_Init SD_Init SRAM_Init SRAM_Init ADCM_Init ADCM_Init USART2_Init Modules_Init TCPStack_Init			
LCD_Init SETTINGS_Init TIM2_Config ETH_Config SPI3_Config SPI3_Config ADC1_Config USART2_Config NVIC_Config BUTTON_Init BUTTON_Init SD_Init SD_Init SRAM_Init RTC_Init ADCM_Init USART2_Init Modules_Init TCPStack_Init			Critical error.
SETTINGS_Init		_	Switch off and switch on again the data logger.
TIM2_Config ETH_Config SPI3_Config SPI3_Config ADC1_Config USART2_Config NVIC_Config BUTTON_Init DIGINP_Init SD_Init SRAM_Init RTC_Init ADCM_Init USART2_Init Modules_Init TCPStack_Init			
ETH_Config SPI1_Config SPI3_Config ADC1_Config USART2_Config NVIC_Config BUTTON_Init DIGINP_Init SD_Init SPAM_Init RTC_Init ADCM_Init USART2_Init Modules_Init TCPStack_Init			
SPI1_Config			
SPI3_Config			
ADC1_Config USART2_Config NVIC_Config BUTTON_Init DIGINP_Init SD_Init SRAM_Init RTC_Init ADCM_Init USART2_Init Modules_Init TCPStack_Init			
USART2_Config NVIC_Config BUTTON_Init DIGINP_Init SD_Init SRAM_Init RTC_Init ADCM_Init USART2_Init Modules_Init TCPStack_Init			
NVIC_Config BUTTON_Init DIGINP_Init SD_Init SRAM_Init RTC_Init ADCM_Init USART2_Init Modules_Init TCPStack_Init			
BUTTON_Init DIGINP_Init SD_Init SRAM_Init RTC_Init ADCM_Init USART2_Init Modules_Init TCPStack_Init			
DIGINP_Init SD_Init SRAM_Init RTC_Init ADCM_Init USART2_Init Modules_Init TCPStack_Init			
SD_Init SD_Init SRAM_Init SRICH Off and switch on again the data logger. Switch off and switch on again the data logger. Switch off and switch on again the data logger. Switch off and switch on again the data logger. Switch off and switch on again the data logger.  Switch off and switch on again the data logger.  Switch off and switch on again the data logger.			Critical error.
SRAM_Init RTC_Init ADCM_Init USART2_Init Modules_Init TCPStack_Init		<del>_</del>	Switch off and switch on again the data logger.
RTC_Init ADCM_Init USART2_Init Modules_Init TCPStack_Init		_	
ADCM_Init USART2_Init Modules_Init TCPStack_Init			
USART2_Init Modules_Init TCPStack_Init		<del>_</del>	
Modules_Init TCPStack_Init			
TCPStack_Init			
		<del>_</del>	
		OVERVIS_Init	
HTTP_Init			
MODBUS_Init Critical error.			
FTP_Init Switch off and switch on again the data logger.			Switch off and switch on again the data logger.
TWRITE_Create			
TCOLL_Create			
TGUI_Create		<u>—</u>	
TGKeep_Create		TGKeep_Create	

## 6.2 USE OF HTTP SERVER (WEB-INTERFACE)

For access to Web-interface of the data logger, the PC is required with installed Web-browser.

In the Web-browser put in IP-address of the data logger (factory setting 192.168.0.2) and press the button of access to this address.

On the PC screen there will be a welcome page of the data logger RPM-416 with offer to enter the password

(factory setting "admin").

After the password entering and pressing of the button "**Enter**", if the password is correct, there will be the main screen of the data logger. If the password is not correct, there will be a password error message on the PC display.

On the main screen you can monitor the current state of the data logger, make setting, control and restart.

After resetting RPM-416 it is necessary to press the button "Save setting". The entered settings will be checked. In case there are no errors in the setting parameters, they will be saved in nonvolatile memory of the data logger. In case there are some errors in the setting parameters they will not be saved.

After the completion of the work with Web-interface it is necessary to press the button "**Exit**", the main page will be closed and the welcome and password page will be opened.

If there is no activity of the user during 5 minutes (this period is specified by the user, see item 7.8.2.3), the data logger automatically closes the communication. In this case it is necessary to enter IP-address of the data logger and password again.

**Note** – if the address parameters in Ethernet network (MAC-address, IP-address or DHCP setting) were changed then in response to pressing the button "**Restart**", Web-browser may not load the page. It happens because Web-browser requests to the old address of the data logger. In this case it is necessary to restart the connection.



The data logger has restriction of number of simultaneously connected clients to Web-interface (*not more than Five*). All connections exceeding the limit will be automatically closed.

#### 6.3 USE OF MODBUS TCP SERVER

Connection protocol Modbus TCP enables to connect the data logger to the network organized by standard Ethernet. The use of the data logger in network enables to perform the following operations:

- · data receiving in systems SCADA;
- programming the data logger via PC (by program RPM-416 Data Analysis);
- remote control of the data logger.

While connection to the data logger, the access to the command registry and recording function is blocked (reading function is not blocked). To unblock the access to the command data logger and recording function it is necessary to write in registries 51-63 modbus password in symbols ASCII (factory variant "admin"). In not used registries there should be written zero values (0x0000).

In case if the modbus password is correct, the data logger will unlock the access to the command registry and recording function.

The data logger control is carried out via the command registry (Table 6.5).

After completing of data logger resetting, it is necessary to carry out the command of recording in the nonvolatile memory (0x472C). For the changes to take place the data logger should be restarted (0xF2C5).

If the functions of recording and register of commands is not used for a long period of time it is necessary to block the access to them by writing in registries 51-63 the values differing from password modbus (for example, 0).

If there is no data exchange for 60 seconds (time is set by the user, item 7.8.1.3), the data logger automatically breaks the connection with the client.

In the data logger al values with a dot are resulted to the whole numbers. That's why while processing the data it is necessary to use the additional mathematic operations.

To the request of reading the value with a dot (for example, **1.000**) the data logger will return the whole number value **1000**, for adjusting to the correct format it is necessary to divide the number by 1000.

Before recording the value with a dot (for example, **1.000**) it is necessary to bring the value to the whole number by multiplying by 1000, then make recording of the value in the data logger.

The coefficient of changing to whole number is defined by number of digits after the dot (1.0 - 10; 1.00 - 100; 1.000 - 1000).

The types of parameters and their names are given in Table 6.3.

The list of supported functions (Modbus) is resulted in the Table 6.4.

The address of command registry is resulted in Table 6.5.

Addresses of additional registries are resulted in Table 6.6.

Addresses of the registers of the measured parameters of the base channels are given in Table 6.7.

Register addresses parameters measured expansion modules are shown in Table 6.8.

Addresses of registries of programmable parameters are resulted in Table 6.9.



The data logger has restriction of number of simultaneously connected clients to Modbus TCP (*not more than five*). All connections exceeding the limit will be automatically closed.

**Table 6.3** – Types of parameters and their names

Type	Name	Unit of measurement	Resolution
0	Unknown (parameter not use)		
1	Voltage RMS	V	0.1
2	Voltage Instantaneous	V	0.1
3	Peak + voltage (positive half wave)	V	0.1
4	Peak – voltage (negative half wave)	V	0.1

Туре	Name	Unit of measurement	Resolution
5	Current RMS	A	0.01
6	Current Instantaneous	A	0.01
7	Peak + current (positive half wave)	A	0.01
8	Peak – current (negative half wave)	A	0.01
9	Frequency	Hz	0.01
10	THDr	%	1
11	Temperature	°C	0.1
12	Analog voltage 0-10 V	V	0.01
13	Analog current 0-20 mA	mA	0.01
14	Digital input (ON / OFF)		1
15	Full power	VA	0.1
16	Active power	W	0.1
17	Reactive power	Var	0.1
18	Power factor (cos φ)		0.001
19	Active Energy Scaler	kW*h	0.1
20	Reactive Energy Scaler	kVAr*h	0.1
21	User's Value		0.1
22	Pulse Frequency	Pulse*min	0.1
23	Pulse Scaler		1
24	Line voltage AB	V	0,1
25	Line voltage BC	V	0,1
26	Line voltage CA	V	0,1
27	Negative sequence voltage	V	0,1
28	Positive sequence voltage	V	0,1
29	Zero sequence voltage	V	0,1

**Table 6.4** – List of supported functions

Function (hex)	Purpose	Remark
0x03	Reading of one or several registries	Maximum 125
0x06	Recording of one values in the register	
0x10	Recording of one or several values in the registries	Maximum 123

Table 6.5 – Command registry RPM-416

Name	Description	WR/RD	Address (DEC)
Command registry	Command codes:  0xF2C5 – the data logger restart.  0x77A6 – to start the recording.  0x5606 – to stop the recording.  0x5596 – All errors reset.  0x472C – to record the settings in nonvolatile memory.  0xD357 – to load the settings from nonvolatile memory.  0x3010 – energy scalers reset (phase 1, channel 16);  0x3011 – energy scalers reset (phase 2, channel 17);  0x3012 – energy scalers reset (phase 3, channel 18);  0x3020 – pulse scalers reset (channel 12);  0x3021 – pulse scalers reset (channel 13);  0x3022 – pulse scalers reset (channel 4);  0x3023 – pulse scalers reset (channel 15).	WR	50
Modbus password (13 chars ASCII)	Enter the correct password for access to recording (on default – "admin"). Enter any not correct value for non-admission to recording Supported symbols: A-Z; a-z; 0-9.	WR	51-63

**WR/RD** – access type to registry Recording / Reading. Address view "**50**" means value 16 bit (UINT). Address view "**51-63**" means a range of 16 bit values.

RPM-416 NOVATEK-ELECTRO

**Table 6.6** – Additional registries RPM-416

Name			Description	WR/RD	Address (DEC)
Identifier		evice RPN	1-416 (value 14)	RD	0
Micro program version	bit 15 – bit 8 bit 7 – bit 0	43	1.4	RD	1
MAC address	MAC address	RPM-416	6 (example: 00-04-A3-8F-EF-3C)	RD	2-7
	bit 0 1:	some erro data recor	n the data logger rs (see errors flags) ding stopped ding started	_	
	bit 3 0:	no disc in	the card slot ne card slot		
	1:	memory c	ard is not initialized ard is initialized		
	1:	FAT is not FAT is rea	dy	_	
Registry of state	bit 6 1:	file is close file is oper recording		RD	8:9
	1:	recording	in file is in process g is in process	_	
			onization is needed		
			module 1 connected		
		_	module 2 connected		
	bit 12 1: expansion module 3 connected				
		_	module 4 connected	_	
		Overvis co			
			5 to 31 are reserved		
		al time clo	ck failure		
		access to			
		access to			
		access to			
		access to disc in car			
			ted from recording.		
			tion is impossible.		
			on is impossible.		
		free space			
Registry of errors			from disc is impossible.	RD	10:11
	bit 11 Ca	talogue ca	nnot be created or opened.		
			it (9999) is exceeded.		
			t available.	_	
		cannot be			
			file is impossible.		
			re in flash memory.		
			ot be saved in flash memory. ilure in flash memory.	_	
		mory over		1	
			20 to 31 are reserved	1	
Memory card capacity	Multiply by 5			RD	12:13
Free space on the memory card	Multiply by 5	12 for valu	e in bytes	RD	14:15
File identifier			(FILE0001.RDF)	RD	16
File size, byte	Data file size			RD	17:18
Operation time, sec	Time since th			RD WR/DD	19:20
System time, sec	I lime is coun	tea since	01.01.1980 / 00:00:00	WR/RD	21:22

**WR/RD** – access type to registry Recording / Reading. Address view "1" means value 16 bit (UINT). Address view "2-7" means a range of 16 bit values. Address view "8:9" means value 32 bit (ULONG).

~ 21 ~

 $extbf{\textit{Table 6.7}} - extit{R} ext{egisters of the measured parameters of the base channels RPM-416}$ 

Ch.	Value	Name	Туре	WR/RD	Address (DEC)
	4	Value type [1] (Voltage RMS L1)	UINT	RD	100
	1	Value	ULONG	RD	101:102
1	2	Value type [9] (Voltage frequency L1)	UINT	RD	103
	3	Value	ULONG	RD	104:105
		Value type [10] (Voltage THDr L1)	UINT	RD	106
		Value	ULONG	RD	107:108
	4	Value type [3] (Peak + voltage L1)	UINT	RD	109
		Value Value type [4] (Peak - voltage L1)	ULONG UINT	RD RD	110:111 112
	5	Value	ULONG	RD	113:114
		Value type [2] (Instantaneous voltage L1)	UINT	RD	115
	6	Value	ULONG	RD	116:117
	1	Value type [1] (Voltage RMS L2)	UINT	RD	118
		Value	ULONG UINT	RD RD	119:120 121
	2	Value type [9] (Voltage frequency L2) Value	ULONG	RD	122:123
	0	Value type [10] (Voltage THDr L2)	UINT	RD	124
	3	Value	ULONG	RD	125:126
2	4	Value type [3] (Peak + voltage L2)	UINT	RD	127
		Value Value type [4] (Peak - voltage L2)	ULONG UINT	RD RD	128:129 130
	5	Value type [4] (Peak - Voltage L2)	ULONG	RD	131:132
	_	Value type [2] (Instantaneous voltage L2)	UINT	RD	133
	6	Value	ULONG	RD	134:135
	1 2	Value type [1] (Voltage RMS L3)	UINT	RD	136
		Value	ULONG	RD	137:138
		Value type [9] (Voltage frequency L3)	UINT	RD	139
		Value	ULONG	RD	140:141
	3	Value type [10] (Voltage THDr L3)	UINT	RD	142
3		Value	ULONG	RD	143:144
	4	Value type [3] (Peak + voltage L3)	UINT	RD	145
		Value Value type [4] (Peak - voltage L3)	ULONG UINT	RD RD	146:147 148
	5	Value	ULONG	RD	149:150
	6	Value type [2] (Instantaneous voltage L3)	UINT	RD	151
		Value	ULONG	RD	152:153
	1	Value type [5] (Current RMS L1)	UINT	RD	154
	1	Value	ULONG	RD	155:156
	2	Value type [9] (Current frequency L1)	UINT	RD	157
		Value	ULONG	RD	158:159
	3	Value type [10] (Current THDr L1)	UINT	RD	160
4	_	Value	ULONG	RD	161:162
	4	Value type [7] (Peak + current L1) Value	UINT ULONG	RD RD	163
		Value     Value type [8] (Peak - current L1)	UINT	RD RD	164:165 166
	5	Value	ULONG	RD	167:168
		Value type [6] (Instantaneous current L1)	UINT	RD	169
	6	Value Value	ULONG	RD	170:171
	4	Value type [5] (Current RMS L2)	UINT	RD	172
	1	Value	ULONG	RD	173:174
	2	Value type [9] (Current frequency L2)	UINT	RD	175
		Value	ULONG	RD	176:177
	3	Value type [10] (Current THDr L2)	UINT	RD	178
5		Value	ULONG	RD	179:180
	4	Value type [7] (Peak + current L2)	UINT	RD	181
		Value	ULONG	RD	182:183
	5	Value type [8] (Peak - current L2)  Value	UINT ULONG	RD BD	184
		Value type [6] (Instantaneous current L2)	ULONG	RD RD	185:186 187
	6	Value type [6] (Instantaneous current L2)	ULONG	RD	188:189
	l	v aiu -	LOLONG	עט	100.109

6	1	Value type [5] (Current RMS L3)	UINT		(DEC)
6				RD	190
6		Value	ULONG	RD	191:192
6	2	Value type [9] (Current frequency L3)	UINT	RD	193
6		Value	ULONG UINT	RD RD	194:195
6	3	Value type [10] (Current THDr L3) Value	ULONG	RD	196 197:198
0		Value type [7] (Peak + current L3)	UINT	RD	197.198
	4	Value	ULONG	RD	200:201
	_	Value type [8] (Peak - current L3)	UINT	RD	202
	5	Value	ULONG	RD	203:204
	6	Value type [6] (Instantaneous current L3)	UINT	RD	205
	0	Value	ULONG	RD	206:207
	1	Value type [5] (Current RMS)	UINT	RD	208
		Value	ULONG	RD	209:210
	2	Value type [9] (Current frequency)	UINT	RD	211
_		Value	ULONG	RD	212:213
	3	Value type [10] (Current THDr)	UINT	RD	214
7		Value	ULONG UINT	RD RD	215:216
	4	Value type [7] (Peak + current) Value	ULONG	RD	217 218:219
		Value type [8] (Peak - current)	UINT	RD	220
	5	Value Value	ULONG	RD	221:222
	6	Value type [6] (Instantaneous current)	UINT	RD	223
		Value	ULONG	RD	224:225
	1	Value type [11] (Temperature)	UINT	RD	226
8		Value	ULONG	RD	227:228
	2 - 6	reserved		RD	229-243
	1	Value type [11] (Temperature)	UINT	RD	244
9		Value	ULONG	RD	245:246
	2 - 6	reserved		RD	247-261
	1	Value type [12] (Analog voltage 0-10 V)	UINT	RD	262
		Value	ULONG	RD	263:264
10	2	Value type [21] (User's Value)	UINT	RD	265
_		Value	ULONG	RD	266:267
	3 - 6	reserved		RD	268-279
	1	Value type [13] (Analog current 0-20 mA)	UINT	RD	280
		Value	ULONG UINT	RD	281:282 283
11	2	Value type [21] (User's Value) Value	ULONG	RD RD	284:285
	3 - 6			RD	
	3-0	reserved			286-297
	1	Value type [14] (Digital input) Value	UINT ULONG	RD RD	298 299:300
-		Value type [22] (Pulse frequency)	UINT	RD	301
12	2	Value (ype [22] (Fulse frequency)	ULONG	RD	302:303
12		Value type [23] (Pulse scaler)	UINT	RD	304
	3	Value	ULONG	RD	305:306
	4 - 6	reserved		RD	307–315
<del></del>		Value type [14] (Digital input)	UINT	RD	316
	1	Value	ULONG	RD	317:318
		Value type [22] (Pulse frequency)	UINT	RD	319
13	2	Value	ULONG	RD	320:321
-5		Value type [23] (Pulse scaler)	UINT	RD	322
	3	Value	ULONG	RD	323:324
	4- 6	reserved		RD	325–333

Ch.	Value	Name	Туре	WR/RD	Address (DEC)
	4	Value type [14] (Digital input)	UINT	RD	334
	1	Value	ULONG	RD	335:336
14	2	Value type [22] (Pulse frequency)	UINT	RD	337
		Value	ULONG	RD	338:339
	3	Value type [23] (Pulse scaler)	UINT	RD	340
	)	Value	ULONG	RD	341:342
	4 - 6	reserved		RD	343-351
	1	Value type [14] (Digital input)	UINT	RD	352
	ı	Value	ULONG	RD	353:354
	2	Value type [22] (Pulse frequency)	UINT	RD	355
15		Value	ULONG	RD	356:357
	3	Value type [23] (Pulse scaler)	UINT	RD	358
<u>_</u>		Value	ULONG	RD	359:360
	4 - 6	reserved		RD	361–369
	1	Value type [15] (Full power L1)	UINT	RD	370
-		Value	ULONG	RD	371:372
	2	Value type [16] (Active power L1)	UINT	RD	373
-		Value	ULONG	RD	374:375
	3	Value type [17] (Reactive power L1)	UINT	RD	376
16		Value	ULONG	RD	377:378
10	4	Value type [18] (Power factor (cos φ) L1) Value	UINT ULONG	RD RD	379 380:381
-	5	Value type [19] (Active Energy Scaler L1)	UINT	RD	382
		Value	ULONG	RD	383:384
=		Value type [20] (Reactive Energy Scaler L1)	UINT	RD	385
		71 1 1 7			
		Value	ULONG	RD	386:387
	1	Value type [15] (Full power L2)	UINT	RD	388
-		Value Value type [16] (Active power L2)	ULONG UINT	RD RD	389:390 391
	2	Value	ULONG	RD	392:393
-		Value type [17] (Reactive power L2)	UINT	RD	394
	3	Value	ULONG	RD	395:396
17		Value type [18] (Power factor (cos φ) L2)	UINT	RD	397
	4	Value	ULONG	RD	398:399
-	_	Value type [19] (Active Energy Scaler L2)	UINT	RD	400
	5	Value	ULONG	RD	401:402
•	6	Value type [20] (Reactive Energy Scaler L2)	UINT	RD	403
	6	Value	ULONG	RD	404:405
	1	Value type [15] (Full power L3)	UINT	RD	406
_		Value	ULONG	RD	407:408
	2	Value type [16] (Active power L3)	UINT	RD	409
-		Value	ULONG	RD	410:411
	3	Value type [17] (Reactive power L3)	UINT	RD	412
18	-	Value	ULONG	RD	413:414
	4	Value type [18] (Power factor (cos φ) L3)	UINT	RD	415
-		Value	ULONG	RD	416:417
	5	Value type [19] (Active Energy Scaler L3)	UINT	RD RD	418
-	J	1\/alua	1 11 / 181/		419:420
	<u> </u>	Value Value type [20] (Reactive Energy Scaler L3)	ULONG		//21
	6	Value type [20] (Reactive Energy Scaler L3)	UINT	RD	421 422·423
	6	Value type [20] (Reactive Energy Scaler L3) Value	UINT ULONG	RD RD	422:423
		Value type [20] (Reactive Energy Scaler L3) Value Value type [24] (Line voltage AB )	UINT ULONG UINT	RD RD RD	422:423 424
	6	Value type [20] (Reactive Energy Scaler L3) Value Value type [24] (Line voltage AB ) Value	UINT ULONG UINT ULONG	RD RD RD RD	422:423 424 425:426
	6	Value type [20] (Reactive Energy Scaler L3) Value Value type [24] (Line voltage AB ) Value Value type [25] (Line voltage BC)	UINT ULONG UINT ULONG UINT	RD RD RD RD	422:423 424 425:426 427
19	6 1 2	Value type [20] (Reactive Energy Scaler L3) Value Value type [24] (Line voltage AB ) Value Value type [25] (Line voltage BC) Value	UINT ULONG UINT ULONG UINT ULONG	RD RD RD RD RD RD	422:423 424 425:426 427 428:429
19	6	Value type [20] (Reactive Energy Scaler L3) Value Value type [24] (Line voltage AB ) Value Value type [25] (Line voltage BC)	UINT ULONG UINT ULONG UINT ULONG UINT ULONG	RD RD RD RD RD RD RD	422:423 424 425:426 427 428:429 430
19	6 1 2	Value type [20] (Reactive Energy Scaler L3) Value Value type [24] (Line voltage AB ) Value Value type [25] (Line voltage BC) Value Value type [26] (Line voltage CA)	UINT ULONG UINT ULONG UINT ULONG	RD RD RD RD RD RD	422:423 424 425:426 427 428:429

	5	Value type [28] (Positive sequence)	UINT	RD	436
	3	Value	ULONG	RD	437:438
	6	Value type [29] (Zero sequence)	UINT	RD	439
		Value	ULONG	RD	440:441

The types of parameters are described in Table 6.3.

WR/RD – access type to registry Recording / Reading.
Address view "100" means value 16 bit (UINT).
Address view "106-109" means a range of 16 bit values.
Address view "110:111" means value 32 bit (ULONG).

**Table 6.8** – Registers of the measured parameters of the expansion modules

Ch.	Value	Name	Туре	WR/RD	Address (DEC)
	1	Value type	UINT	RD	442
	1	Value	ULONG	RD	425:426
	0	Value type	UINT	RD	427
	2	Value	ULONG	RD	428:429
	0	Value type	UINT	RD	430
20	3	Value	ULONG	RD	431:432
20	4	Value type	UINT	RD	433
	4	Value	ULONG	RD	434:435
	F	Value type	UINT	RD	436
	5	Value	ULONG	RD	437:438
	6	Value type	UINT	RD	439
	6	Value	ULONG	RD	440:441
	_	Value type	UINT	RD	442
	1	Value	ULONG	RD	443:444
	^	Value type	UINT	RD	445
	2	Value	ULONG	RD	446:447
		Value type	UINT	RD	448
20	3	Value	ULONG	RD	449:450
		Value type	UINT	RD	451
	4	Value	ULONG	RD	452:453
		Value type	UINT	RD	454
	5	Value	ULONG	RD	455:456
		Value type	UINT	RD	457
	6	Value	ULONG	RD	458:459
	1	Value type	UINT	RD	460
		Value	ULONG	RD	461:462
		Value type	UINT	RD	463
	2	Value	ULONG	RD	464:465
	3	Value type	UINT	RD	466
21	J	Value	ULONG	RD	467:468
۷۱	4	Value type	UINT	RD	469
	•	Value	ULONG	RD	470:471
	5	Value type	UINT	RD RD	472
		Value Value type	ULONG UINT	RD	473:474 475
	6				
		Value	ULONG	RD	476:477
	1	Value type	UINT	RD	478
	•	Value	ULONG	RD	479:480
	2	Value type	UINT	RD	481
		Value	ULONG	RD	482:483
	3	Value type	UINT	RD	484
22		Value	ULONG	RD	485:486
22	4	Value type	UINT	RD	487
	•	Value	ULONG	RD	488:489
	5	Value type	UINT	RD	490
	3	Value	ULONG	RD	491:492
	G	Value type	UINT	RD	493
	6	Value	ULONG	RD	494:495

Ch.	Value	Name	Туре	WR/RD	Address (DEC)
	1	Value type	UINT	RD	496
	ı	Value	ULONG	RD	497:498
	2	Value type	UINT	RD	499
	2	Value	ULONG	RD	500:501
	3	Value type	UINT	RD	502
23	<u> </u>	Value	ULONG	RD	503:504
	4	Value type Value	UINT ULONG	RD RD	505 506:507
		Value type	UINT	RD	508
	5	Value	ULONG	RD	509:510
	_	Value type	UINT	RD	511
	6	Value	ULONG	RD	512:513
	_	Value type	UINT	RD	514
	1	Value	ULONG	RD	515:516
	•	Value type	UINT	RD	517
	2	Value	ULONG	RD	518:519
	•	Value type	UINT	RD	520
24	3	Value	ULONG	RD	521:522
24	4	Value type	UINT	RD	523
	4	Value	ULONG	RD	524:525
	5	Value type	UINT	RD	526
	7	Value	ULONG	RD	527:528
	6	Value type	UINT	RD	529
	0	Value	ULONG	RD	530:531
	1 2 3	Value type	UINT	RD	532
		Value	ULONG	RD	533:534
		Value type	UINT	RD	535
		Value	ULONG	RD	536:537
		Value type Value	UINT ULONG	RD RD	538 539:540
25		Value type	UINT	RD	541
	4	Value	ULONG	RD	542:543
		Value type	UINT	RD	544
	5	Value	ULONG	RD	545:546
	•	Value type	UINT	RD	547
	6	Value	ULONG	RD	548:549
	4	Value type	UINT	RD	550
	1	Value	ULONG	RD	551:552
	2	Value type	UINT	RD	553
		Value	ULONG	RD	554:555
	3	Value type	UINT	RD	556
26		Value	ULONG	RD	557:558
	4	Value type	UINT	RD	559
		Value	ULONG	RD	560:561
	5	Value type	UINT	RD	562
}		Value type	ULONG UINT	RD RD	563:564 565
	6	Value type Value	ULONG	RD	566:567
		Value type	UINT	RD	568
	1	Value	ULONG	RD	569:570
		Value type	UINT	RD	571
	2	Value	ULONG	RD	572:573
	3	Value type	UINT	RD	574
27		Value type	ULONG UINT	RD	575:576
	4	Value type Value	ULONG	RD RD	577 578:579
ŀ	_	Value type	UINT	RD	580
	5	Value	ULONG	RD	581:582
	6	Value type	UINT	RD	583
		Value	ULONG	RD	584:585

Ch.	Value	Name	Туре	WR/RD	Address (DEC)
	1	Value type	UINT	RD	586
	Į.	Value	ULONG	RD	587:588
	2	Value type	UINT	RD	589
		Value	ULONG	RD	590:591
	3	Value type	UINT	RD	592
28	<b>)</b>	Value	ULONG	RD	593:594
20	4	Value type	UINT	RD	595
	4	Value	ULONG	RD	596:597
	_	Value type	UINT	RD	598
	5	Value	ULONG	RD	599:600
	6	Value type	UINT	RD	601
	6	Value	ULONG	RD	602:603
	4	Value type	UINT	RD	604
	1	Value	ULONG	RD	605:606
		Value type	UINT	RD	607
	2	Value	ULONG	RD	608:609
ŀ		Value type	UINT	RD	610
	3	Value	ULONG	RD	611:612
29		Value type	UINT	RD	613
	4	Value	ULONG	RD	614:615
ŀ		Value type	UINT	RD	616
	5	Value Value	ULONG	RD	617:618
		Value type	UINT	RD	619
	6	Value type Value	ULONG	RD	620:621
			UINT	RD	622
	2	Value type	ULONG		
		Value		RD	623:624
		Value type	UINT	RD	625
		Value	ULONG	RD	626:627
	3	Value type	UINT	RD	628
30		Value	ULONG	RD	629:630
		Value type	UINT	RD	631
		Value	ULONG	RD	632:633
	5	Value type	UINT	RD	634
		Value	ULONG	RD	635:636
	6	Value type	UINT	RD	637
	0	Value	ULONG	RD	638:639
	1	Value type	UINT	RD	640
		Value	ULONG	RD	641:642
	2	Value type	UINT	RD	643
		Value	ULONG	RD	644:645
	3	Value type	UINT	RD	646
31		Value	ULONG	RD	647:648
	4	Value type	UINT	RD	649
		Value type	ULONG UINT	RD BD	650:651
	5	Value type Value	ULONG	RD RD	652 653:654
-		Value type	UINT	RD	655
	6	Value type Value	ULONG	RD	656:657
		Value type	UINT	RD	658
	1	Value	ULONG	RD	659:660
ŀ	_	Value type	UINT	RD	661
	2	Value	ULONG	RD	662:663
ŀ		Value type	UINT	RD	664
	3	Value	ULONG	RD	665:666
32		Value type	UINT	RD	667
	4	Value Value	ULONG	RD	668:669
-			UINT	RD	670
	5	Value type			
		Value	ULONG	RD	671:672
	6	Value type	UINT	RD	673
		Value	ULONG	RD	674:675

Ch.	Value	Name	Туре	WR/RD	Address (DEC)
	1	Value type	UINT	RD	676
		Value	ULONG	RD	677:678
33	2	Value type	UINT	RD	679
		Value	ULONG	RD	680:681
	3	Value type	UINT	RD	682
	3	Value	ULONG	RD	683:684
	4	Value type	UINT	RD	685
	4	Value	ULONG	RD	686:687
	5	Value type	UINT	RD	688
	3	Value	ULONG	RD	689:690
	6	Value type	UINT	RD	691
	O	Value	ULONG	RD	692:693
	1	Value type	UINT	RD	694
	'	Value	ULONG	RD	695:696
	2	Value type	UINT	RD	697
		Value	ULONG	RD	698:699
	2	Value type	UINT	RD	700
0.4	3	Value	ULONG	RD	701:702
34	A	Value type	UINT	RD	703
	4	Value	ULONG	RD	704:705
	-	Value type	UINT	RD	706
	5	Value	ULONG	RD	707:708
		Value type	UINT	RD	709
	6	Value	ULONG	RD	710:711
	1	Value type	UINT	RD	712
		Value	ULONG	RD	713:714
		Value type	UINT	RD	715
	2	Value	ULONG	RD	716:717
	0	Value type	UINT	RD	718
0.5	3	Value	ULONG	RD	719:720
35	4	Value type	UINT	RD	721
	4	Value	ULONG	RD	722:723
	_	Value type	UINT	RD	724
	5	Value	ULONG	RD	725:726
		Value type	UINT	RD	727
	6	Value	ULONG	RD	728:729
	4	Value type	UINT	RD	730
	1	Value	ULONG	RD	731:732
		Value type	UINT	RD	733
	2	Value	ULONG	RD	734:735
		Value type	UINT	RD	736
36	3	Value	ULONG	RD	737:738
	4	Value type	UINT	RD	739
		Value	ULONG	RD	740:741
	5	Value type	UINT	RD	742
		Value	ULONG	RD	743:744
	6	Value type Value	UINT ULONG	RD RD	745 746:747
		Value type	UINT	RD	746.747
	1	Value	ULONG	RD	749:750
		Value type	UINT	RD	751
	2	Value	ULONG	RD	752:753
	2	Value type	UINT	RD	754
	3	Value	ULONG	RD	755:756
37	4	Value type	UINT	RD	757
	4	Value	ULONG	RD	758:759
	_	Value type	UINT	RD	760
	5	Value	ULONG	RD	761:762
	_	Value type	UINT	RD	763
	6	Value	ULONG	RD	764:765
		ı			

Ch.	Value	Name	Туре	WR/RD	Address (DEC)
	4	Value type	UINT	RD	766
	1	Value	ULONG	RD	767:768
		Value type	UINT	RD	769
	2	Value	ULONG	RD	770:771
	0	Value type	UINT	RD	772
00	3	Value	ULONG	RD	773:774
38	4	Value type	UINT	RD	775
	4	Value	ULONG	RD	776:777
	_	Value type	UINT	RD	778
	5	Value	ULONG	RD	779:780
		Value type	UINT	RD	781
	6	Value	ULONG	RD	782:783
	1	Value type	UINT	RD	784
		Value	ULONG	RD	785:786
	2	Value type	UINT	RD	787
		Value	ULONG	RD	788:789
	3	Value type	UINT	RD	790
39	3	Value	ULONG	RD	791:792
39	4	Value type	UINT	RD	793
		Value	ULONG	RD	794:795
	5	Value type	UINT	RD	796
	<u> </u>	Value	ULONG	RD	797:798
	6	Value type	UINT	RD	799
		Value	ULONG	RD	800:801
	1	Value type	UINT	RD	802
		Value	ULONG	RD	803:804
	2	Value type	UINT	RD	805
		Value	ULONG	RD	806:807
	3	Value type	UINT	RD	808
40		Value	ULONG	RD	809:810
.0	4	Value type	UINT	RD	811
	-	Value	ULONG	RD	812:813
	5	Value type	UINT	RD	814
		Value	ULONG	RD	815:816
	6	Value type	UINT	RD	817
	_	Value	ULONG	RD	818:819

The types of parameters are described in Table 6.3. **WR/RD** – access type to registry Recording / Reading. Address view "100" means value 16 bit (UINT).

Address view "106-109" means a range of 16 bit values. Address view "110:111" means value 32 bit (ULONG).

**Table 6.9** – Programmable parameters RPM-416

Name	Value	Factory value	Туре	WR/RD	Address (DEC)
Time correction, sec / day	-99.9 +99.9	0,0	INT	RW	2000
Voltage sensor coefficient L1 (Channel 1)	1.0 5000.0	1,0	UINT	RW	2001
Voltage sensor coefficient L2 (Channel 2)	1.0 5000.0	1,0	UINT	RW	2002
Voltage sensor coefficient L3 (Channel 3)	1.0 5000.0	1,0	UINT	RW	2003
Nominal CT L1 (Channel 4), A	5 2000	5	UINT	RW	2004
Nominal CT L2 (Channel 5), A	5 2000	5	UINT	RW	2005
Nominal CT L3 (Channel 6), A	5 2000	5	UINT	RW	2006
Nominal CT (Channel 7), A	5 2000	5	UINT	RW	2007
Temperature correction (Channel 8), °C	-9.9 +9.9	0.0	INT	RW	2008
Temperature correction (Channel 9), °C	-9.9 +9.9	0.0	INT	RW	2009
Temperature sensor type (Channel 8) [ 0 – PTC1000; 1 – PT1000 ]	01	1	UINT	RW	2010
Temperature sensor type (Channel 9) [ 0 – PTC1000; 1 – PT1000 ]	01	1	UINT	RW	2011

Name	~ 29 ~	Factory value	Туре	WR/RD	Address (DEC)
Temperature filter (Channel 8), sec	0.0 10.0	1.5	UINT	RW	2012
Temperature filter (Channel 9), sec	0.0 10.0	1.5	UINT	RW	2013
An. voltage sensor type 0-10 V (Channel 10) [ 0 – 0-10V; 1 – 2-10V ]	0 1	0	UINT	RW	2014
An. voltage sensor filter (Channel 10), sec	0.0 10.0	1.5	UINT	RW	2015
Analogue Voltage Scale (channel 10), from	-999.00	0	UINT	RW	2210
Analogue Voltage Scale (channel 10), to	03000,0	10.0	UINT	RW	2211
An. current sensor type 0-20 mA (Channel 11)					
[ 0 – 0-20mA; 1 – 4-20mA ]	0 1	0	UINT	RW	2016
An. current sensor filter (Channel 11), sec	0.0 10.0	1.5	UINT	RW	2017
Analogue Current Scale (channel 11), from	-999.00	0	UINT	RW	2212
Analogue Current Scale (channel 11), to	03000.0	20,0	UINT	RW	2213
Discrete input type (Channel 12) [ 0 – not invert.; 1 – invert.]	01	0	UINT	RW	2018
Digital Signal Capture (channel 12) [0 – by fallout; 1 – by front]	01	1	UINT	RW	2206
Discrete input type (Channel 13) [ 0 – not invert; 1 – invert.]	01	0	UINT	RW	2019
Digital Signal Capture (channel 13) [0 – by fallout; 1 – by front]	01	1	UINT	RW	2207
Discrete input type (Channel 14)	01	0	UINT	RW	2020
[ 0 – not invert; 1 – invert.]  Digital Signal Capture (channel 14)	01	1	UINT	RW	2208
[0 – by fallout; 1 – by front] Discrete input type (Channel 15)	01	0	UINT	RW	2021
[ 0 – not invert; 1 – invert. ]	0 4	Ŭ	Onti	1000	
Digital Signal Capture (channel 15) [0 – by fallout; 1 – by front]	01	1	UINT	RW	2209
Event 1, up limit [0 – off: 1 – momentary; 2 – continued]	0 2	0	UINT	RW	2022
Event 2, up limit [0 – off: 1 – momentary; 2 – continued]	0 2	0	UINT	RW	2023
Event 3, up limit [0 – off: 1 – momentary; 2 – continued]	0 2	0	UINT	RW	2024
Event 4, up limit [0 – off: 1 – momentary; 2 – continued]	02	0	UINT	RW	2025
Event 5, up limit [0 – off: 1 – momentary; 2 – continued]	02	0	UINT	RW	2026
Event 1, down limit [0 – off: 1 – momentary; 2 – continued]	0 2	0	UINT	RW	2027
Event 2, down limit	0 2	0	UINT	RW	2028
[0 – off: 1 – momentary; 2 – continued] Event 3, down limit	0 2	0	UINT	RW	2029
[0 - off: 1 - momentary; 2 - continued] Event 4, down limit	0 2	0	UINT	RW	2030
[0 – off: 1 – momentary; 2 – continued] Event 5, down limit					
[0 – off: 1 – momentary; 2 – continued] Event 1, up limit value	0 2	0	UINT	RW RW	2031 2032:2033
Event 2, up limit value		0	LONG	RW	2032.2035
Event 3, up limit value		0	LONG	RW	2034.2033
Event 4, up limit value		0	LONG	RW	2038:2039
Event 5, up limit value		0	LONG	RW	2040:2041
Event 1, down limit value		0	LONG	RW	2040:2041
Event 2, down limit value		0	LONG	RW	2042:2045
Event 3, down limit value		0	LONG	RW	2044:2043
Event 4, down limit value		0	LONG	RW	2048:2049
Event 5, down limit value		0	LONG	RW	2048.2049
Event 1, up limit time, ms	1 ms60 s	10	UINT	RW	2050.2051
Event 2, up limit time, ms	1 ms60 s	10	UINT	RW	2052
Event 3, up limit time, ms	1 ms60 s	10	UINT	RW	2054
LVGIR O, UP III III IIII III III	1 111300 3	10	UIIVI	1744	2034

Name	Value	Factory value	Туре	WR/RD	Address (DEC)
Event 4, up limit time, ms	1 ms60 s	10	UINT	RW	2055
Event 5, up limit time, ms	1 ms60 s	10	UINT	RW	2056
Event 1, down limit time, ms	1 ms60 s	10	UINT	RW	2057
Event 2, down limit time, ms	1 ms60 s	10	UINT	RW	2058
Event 3, down limit time, ms	1 ms60 s	10	UINT	RW	2059
Event 4, down limit time, ms	1 ms60 s	10	UINT	RW	2060
Event 5, down limit time, ms	1 ms 60 s	10	UINT	RW	2061
Event 1, value source		_			
[ bit31 – bit24 : channel number;	Ch. 017				
bit23 – bit16 : value number;	_Val. 05	4294967295	ULONG	RW	2062:2063
bit15 – bit0 : value type ]	Type 018				
Event 2, value source					
[ bit31 – bit24 : channel number;	Ch. 017			5147	
bit23 – bit16 : value number;	Val. 05	4294967295	ULONG	RW	2064:2065
bit15 – bit0 : value type ]	Type 018				
Event 3, value source	01 0 17				
[ bit31 – bit24 : channel number;	Ch. 017	4004007005		DW	0000 0007
bit23 – bit16 : value number;	Val. 05	4294967295	ULONG	RW	2066:2067
bit15 – bit0 : value type ]	Type 018				
Event 4, value source	Ob 0 47				
[ bit31 – bit24 : channel number;	Ch. 017	4004007005		DW	0000.0000
bit23 – bit16 : value number;	Val. 05	4294967295	ULONG	RW	2068:2069
bit15 – bit0 : value type ]	Type 018				
Event 5, value source	Ch 0 47				
[ bit31 – bit24 : channel number;	Ch. 017	4004007005		DW	2070-2074
bit23 – bit16 : value number;	Val. 05	4294967295	ULONG	RW	2070:2071
bit15 – bit0 : value type ]	Type 018				
Display illuminating mode					
[ 0 – off; 1 – always on;	02	2	UINT	RW	2072
2 – will be off in 30 sec]					
Source of data to be written 1	Ch. 017				
[ bit31 – bit24 : channel number;	Val. 05	4294967295	UINT	RW	2073:2074
bit23 – bit16 : value number;	Type 018	7237307233	Olivi	1744	2073.2074
bit15 – bit0 : value type ]	Турс 010				
Source of data to be written 2	Ch. 017				
[ bit31 – bit24 : channel number;	Val. 05	4294967295	UINT	RW	2075:2076
bit23 – bit16 : value number; bit15 – bit0 : value type ]	Type 018				
Source of data to be written 3	01 0 17				
[ bit31 – bit24 : channel number;	Ch. 017	4004007005		DW	0077-0070
bit23 – bit16 : value number;	Val. 05 Type 018	4294967295	UINT	RW	2077:2078
bit15 – bit0 : value type ]	туре 010				
Source of data to be written 4	Ch. 017				
[ bit31 – bit24 : channel number;	Val. 05	4294967295	UINT	RW	2079:2080
bit23 – bit16 : value number;	Type 018	1201001200	0		2010.2000
bit15 – bit0 : value type ]	1,700 011110				
Source of data to be written 5	Ch. 017				
[ bit31 – bit24 : channel number;	Val. 05	4294967295	UINT	RW	2081:2082
bit23 – bit16 : value number;	Type 018	0.0000			
bit15 – bit0 : value type ]	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
Source of data to be written 6	Ch. 017				
[ bit31 – bit24 : channel number;	Val. 05	4294967295	UINT	RW	2083:2084
bit23 – bit16 : value number;	Type 018			-	
bit15 – bit0 : value type ]	J				
Source of data to be written 7	Ch. 017				
[ bit31 – bit24 : channel number;	Val. 05	4294967295	UINT	RW	2085:2086
bit23 – bit16 : value number;	Type 018				
bit15 – bit0 : value type ]	J				
Source of data to be written 8	Ch. 017				
[ bit31 – bit24 : channel number;	Val. 05	4294967295	UINT	RW	2087:2088
bit23 – bit16 : value number;	Type 018				
bit15 – bit0 : value type ]		<u> </u>			<u> </u>

RPM-416 NOVATEK-ELECTRO

Name	Value	Factory value	Туре	WR/RD	Address (DEC)
Source of data to be written 9 [ bit31 – bit24 : channel number;  bit23 – bit16 : value number;  bit15 – bit0 : value type ]	Ch. 017 Val. 05 Type 018	4294967295	UINT	RW	2089:2090
Source of data to be written 10 [ bit31 – bit24 : channel number;  bit23 – bit16 : value number;  bit15 – bit0 : value type ]	Ch. 017 Val. 05 Type 018	4294967295	UINT	RW	2091:2092
Source of data to be written 11 [ bit31 – bit24 : channel number;  bit23 – bit16 : value number;  bit15 – bit0 : value type ]	Ch. 017 Val. 05 Type 018	4294967295	UINT	RW	2093:2094
Source of data to be written 12 [ bit31 – bit24 : channel number;  bit23 – bit16 : value number;  bit15 – bit0 : value type ]	Ch. 017 Val. 05 Type 018	4294967295	UINT	RW	2095:2096
Source of data to be written 13 [ bit31 – bit24 : channel number;  bit23 – bit16 : value number;  bit15 – bit0 : value type ]	Ch. 017 Val. 05 Type 018	4294967295	UINT	RW	2097:2098
Source of data to be written 14 [ bit31 – bit24 : channel number;  bit23 – bit16 : value number;  bit15 – bit0 : value type ]	Ch. 017 Val. 05 Type 018	4294967295	UINT	RW	2099:2100
Source of data to be written 15 [ bit31 – bit24 : channel number;  bit23 – bit16 : value number;  bit15 – bit0 : value type ]	Ch. 017 Val. 05 Type 018	4294967295	UINT	RW	2101:2102
Source of data to be written 16 [ bit31 – bit24 : channel number;  bit23 – bit16 : value number;  bit15 – bit0 : value type ]	Ch. 017 Val. 05 Type 018	4294967295	UINT	RW	2103:2104
Source of data to be written 17 [ bit31 – bit24 : channel number;  bit23 – bit16 : value number;  bit15 – bit0 : value type ]	Ch. 017 Val. 05 Type 018	4294967295	UINT	RW	2105:2106
Source of data to be written 18 [ bit31 – bit24 : channel number; bit23 – bit16 : value number; bit15 – bit0 : value type ]	Ch. 0 17 Val. 05 Type 018	4294967295	UINT	RW	2107:2108
Source of data to be written 19 [ bit31 – bit24 : channel number; bit23 – bit16 : value number; bit15 – bit0 : value type ]	Ch. 017 Val. 05 Type 018	4294967295	UINT	RW	2109:2110
Source of data to be written 20 [ bit31 – bit24 : channel number; bit23 – bit16 : value number; bit15 – bit0 : value type ]	Ch. 017 Val. 05 Type 018	4294967295	UINT	RW	2111:2112
Write period, ms	1 ms60 m	1000	ULONG	RW	2113:2114
File size, byte Write type	32 kB512 MB	32768	ULONG	RW	2115:2116
[ 0 – until memory; 1 – the ring ]	01	0	UINT	RW	2117
Write event [ 0 – disabled; 1 – enabled ]	01	0	UINT	RW	2118
Points before event	01920	100	UINT	RW	2119
Points after event	01920	100	UINT	RW	2120
Discreteness event writing, ms Password protection	1 ms1000 ms	1	UINT	RW	2121
[ 0 – disabled; 1 – enabled ]	01	0	UINT	RW	2122
Access Password Value (6 symbols of ASCII)	A-Z, a-z, 0-9	1234	UINT	RW	2123:2128
Expansion modules [ 0 – disabled; 1 – enabled ]	0 1	0	UINT	RW	2129

Name	Value	Factory value	Туре	WR/RD	Address (DEC)
Type of module 1	01	0	UINT	RW	2130
Type of module 2	01	0	UINT	RW	2131
Type of module 3	01	0	UINT	RW	2132
Type of module 4	0 1	0	UINT	RW	2133
DHCP [ 0 – disabled; 1 – enabled ]	01	0	UINT	RW	2134
IP-address		192.168.0.2	ULONG	RW	2135:2136
Mask		255.255.255.0	ULONG	RW	2137:2138
Main Gateway		192.168.0.1	ULONG	RW	2139:2140
Server address DNS 1		192.168.0.1	ULONG	RW	2141:2142
DNS 2		8.8.8.8	ULONG	RW	2143:2144
Modbus TCP server [ 0 – disabled; 1 – enabled ]	0 1	1	UINT	RW	2145
Modbus TCP port	1 65535	502	UINT	RW	2146
Modbus UID	0255	0	UINT	RW	2205
Modbus TCP timeout, sec	603600	60	UINT	RW	2147
MODBUS password (13 chars ASCII)	A-Z, a-z, 0-9	"admin"	STR	RW	2148-2160
HTTP server [ 0 – disabled; 1 – enabled ]	0 1	1	UINT	RW	2164
HTTP port	1 65535	80	UINT	RW	2165
HTTP timeout, sec	60 3600	300	UINT	RW	2166
HTTP password (13 chars ASCII)	A-Z, a-z, 0-9	"admin"	STR	RW	2167-2179
FTP server [ 0 – disabled; 1 – enabled ]	0 1	0	UINT	RW	2183
FTP port	165535	21	UINT	RW	2184
FTP timeout, sec	603600	300	UINT	RW	2185
FTP password (13 chars ASCII)	A-Z, a-z, 0-9	"admin"	STR	RW	2186-2198
Overvis client [ 0 – disabled; 1 – enabled ]	01	0	UINT	RW	2202
Overvis port	165535	20502	UINT	RW	2203
Overvis timeout, sec	603600	90	UINT	RW	2204

-----

**WR/RD** – access type to registry Recording / Reading.

Address view "2000" means value 16 bit (UINT).

Address view "2140-2155" means a range of 16 bit values.

Address view "2028:2029" means value 32 bit (ULONG).

#### 6.4 USE OF FTP SERVER

File transfer protocol FTP uses the double connection. Herein one channel is as a pilot through which the commands from the data logger come in and respond goes out (on default TCP-port 21), and via the second channel comes data communication (TCP-port is defined by the data logger by random choice).

Use of FTP protocol enables via TCP-networks to receive remote files recorded by the data logger on the memory card.

Files' receiving is carried out with the help of program "RPM-416 Data Analysis" or any other software which support the files receiving via FTP.

In the data logger server FTP operates in passive mode (waiting the client's connection).

At connection to the data logger via FTP it is necessary to write the name of the user "ftp" and password (factory variant "admin").

## Used commands:

- ABOR Abort the file transmitting;
- CDUP Change the directory upward;
- CWD Change the directory;
- LIST Restore the list of current directory files;
- NLST Restore the list of current directory files in brief format;
- NOOP No operation (is used for timeout reset);
- PASV Enter in passive mode and restore address of connection;
- PWD Restore the current directory;
- QUIT Switch off;
- RETR Download the file. Before RETR operation there should be a command PASV;
- SYST Return the system type (UINIX);
- TYPE Define the type of file transmitting ("I" binary);

- USER User's name for input on the server;
- PASS Password for the server;
- **STRU** Set file transfer structure. ("F" file);
- MODE Sets the transfer mode ("S" Stream);
- **REIN** Re-initialize the connection:
- PORT Specifies an address and port to which the server should connect;
- MKD Make directory;
- **RMD** Remove a directory;
- STOR Accept data and store data as a file at the server site;
- DELE Delete file.

If there is no data exchange during 300 seconds (time period can be set by the user, item 7.8.3.3), the data logger automatically breaks the connection with a client.



The data logger has restriction of number of simultaneously connected FTP clients (not more than two). All connections exceeding the limit will be automatically closed.

#### 6.5 USE OF OVERVIS CLIENT

Overvis is a system for monitoring, visualization and remote control of technological processes.

Overvis enables:

- to read the data from the instruments, including with the recording system;
- to perform 24-hour cyclical readout of data;
- to save the data automatically in its own database;
- to display the data in the convenient form;
- to receive alarm reports in the form of SMS or E-Mail.

More detailed information can be found at the official website <a href="www.overvis.com">www.overvis.com</a>.

Overvis system acts as a collection server of data from the recording system and other devices connected simultaneously, and it provides access to data in real time only with the permission of the owner of the recording system.

Factory settings of the recording system are prepared to connect to the server of Overvis, in this case the Overvis client in the recording system is disabled and should be enabled manually by the user.

To connect the recording system to the system of Overvis it is required:

- to configure the recording system to access the internet;
- to enable Overvis Client;
- in the Overvis settings to make sure that there is connection to the server and the activation code is received;
- using the instructions at Overvis website, to connect to the recording system with the activation code.

**Note:** When you connect the register to Overvis system for the first time, Overvis activation settings indicate that connection is activated. To ensure safety one should select RESET item, to remove the unit from Overvis system. Thus it guarantees, that the register connected is to be used by users possessing rights.

## 6.6 INSERTING AND PULLING OUT OF THE MEMORY CARD

Insert the memory card in the slot situated on the side wall of the data logger, as shown in the figure 5.1 and press it till there is a click.

In order to pull the memory card out, press it till a click and release it – the memory card will go out from the slot about 3-5 mm, after that you can pull it out.

During inserting and pulling out of the memory card do not use much effort.



Do not pull out the memory card during data recording to the data logger – it can result in recorded data loss. The procedure of safety pulling out of the memory card is described in item 7.7.2.

## 6.7 RPM-416 DATA ANALYSIS SOFTWARE INSTALLATION

For proper work of the software on the computer there should be installed Operational System Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista or Windows 7. The installation is initiated by starting the installation file "rpm416da\_setup.exe" (not included in the supply scope). After starting of the installation, the program performs the installation guided by the instructions of installation master. If the previous version of the program has been already installed on the computer it should be deleted before a new installation.

The latest version of the program is available on the web site <a href="http://www.novatek-electro.com">http://www.novatek-electro.com</a> in section "Software support".

To delete the program you should use Windows master of installation and deleting.

NOTE - For Windows Vista / 7/8 Program must be performed with administrator rights.

## 6.8 INSTALLATION AND CONNECTION OF SOFTWARE FOR MEMORY CARD-READER

The procedure and installation of software for memory cards reading depends on the model and manufacturer of the device. All installation instructions are resulted in the card reader manual.

#### 6.9 REVIEW OF THE RECORDED DATA

Pull out the memory card from the data logger (pulling out of the memory card is described in the item 6.6) and insert it in the card reader on the PC.

Review and analysis of the data is carried out with program software "RPM-416 Data Analysis" installed on the PC (installation of the software is described in item 6.7).

Program "RPM-416 Data Analysis" enables to make the analyses of data, to compare it (in form of numeral information or diagrams) and output the results of the analysis for printing. The program can also perform a remote configuration of the data logger and monitor its operation in real time mode via protocol Modbus TCP.

#### 7 SETTING OF RPM-416 REGISTER

The description of settings is based on the factory parameters settings.

The parameters are saved in the nonvolatile memory (period of storage is not less than 10 years).

For restoring the main menu of the data logger it is necessary to perform the actions described in item 6.1.6 "Main menu of the data logger RPM-416".

Total list of main menu items:

"Date and Time" – for setting the date and time;

"Base Channels" - for setting the base channels (inputs of the data logger);

"Exp. modules" - for setting the expansion modules;

"Display" - for setting the display;

"Record of data" - for setting the data recording to the memory card;

"Record of events" - for setting the events;

"Memory card" – for setting the memory card;

"Network" - for setting Ethernet interface;

"Password" - for setting the access restriction to the data logger;

"Reset all settings" – for total reset of all default settings of the data logger;

"Device version" – for information about the version of the data logger.

The selection of the menu items is performed by buttons  $\blacktriangle$  (up) or  $\blacktriangledown$  (down) (the selected item is underlined by the cursor), confirmation of the selection is made by pressing the button  $\blacksquare$  (enter).

For escape from the menu press the button ◀ (left).

### 7.1 SETTING OF THE DATE AND TIME ("DATE AND TIME")

For setting the date and time it is necessary: in the main menu of the data logger by buttons  $\blacktriangle$  (up) or  $\blacktriangledown$  (down) select the item "**Date and time**", confirm the selection by pressing the button  $\blacksquare$  (enter). On the display of the data logger there will be the list of available menu items for setting the date and time:

"Date" - menu item for setting the date;

"**Time**" – menu item for setting the time.

By buttons  $\blacktriangle$  (up) or  $\blacktriangledown$  (down) make the selection of the corresponding menu item, confirm the selection by pressing the button  $\blacksquare$  (enter).

To restore the previous menu, press the button ◀ (left).

#### 7.1.1 Setting of Date ("Date")

At selection of this item on the display of the data logger there will be a screen of the date setting, resulted in the figure 7.1.1.

```
Th 04.09.2014 <BACK>
```

Figure 7.1.1 - Screen of date setting

On this screen the date is resulted in format "DDD dd.mm.yyyy", where:

DDD - day of week: Mo - Monday: - Tuesday: Tu - Wednesday; We - Thursday; Th Fr - Friday: Sa - Saturday: - Sunday. Su dd - date (from 1 to 31): - month (from 1 to 12); mm - year (from 1980 to 2107); уууу

By buttons ◀ (left), ▶ (right), ▲ (up) and ▼ (down) make a selection of the necessary parameter (the selected parameter is highlighted by the cursor).

For starting the changes in the parameter it is necessary to press the button et (enter), the selected parameter

starts to blink.

By buttons  $\blacktriangle$  (up) or  $\blacktriangledown$  (down) change the value of the parameter. After completion it is necessary to press again the button  $\blacksquare$  (enter) – to escape from the mode of setting and saving of the changed parameter. The parameter stops blinking.

In case of necessity repeat the same procedure with other parameters.

To restore the previous menu it is necessary by button ▼ (down) select the position "BACK" and press the button **©** (enter).

### 7.1.2 Setting of Time ("Time")

At selection of this item on the display of the data logger there will be a screen of the time setting, resulted in the figure 7.1.2.



Figure 7.1.2 - Screen of time setting

On this screen the time is resulted in format "HH:MM:SS CC", where:

HH - hours (from 0 to 23)

MM - minutes (from 0 to 59)

SS - seconds (from 0 to 59)

CC - correction sec / day (from -99,9 to +99,9)

WARNING! Incorrect time correction can lead to a temporary error of up to ± 2 ms per second during data recording.

By buttons  $\blacktriangleleft$  (left),  $\blacktriangleright$  (right),  $\blacktriangle$  (up) and  $\blacktriangledown$  (down) make a selection of the parameter (the selected parameter is highlighted by the cursor).

For starting the changes in the parameter it is necessary to press the button (enter), the selected parameter starts to blink.

By buttons  $\blacktriangle$  (up) or  $\blacktriangledown$  (down) change the value of the parameter. After completion of change it is necessary to press the button  $\blacksquare$  (enter) again – to escape from the mode of setting and saving of the changed parameter. The parameter stops blinking.

In case of necessity, repeat the same procedure with other parameters.

In case of necessity, repeat the same procedure with other parameters.

To restore the previous menu it is necessary by button ▼ (down) select the position "BACK" and press the button **©** (enter).

## 7.2 SETTING OF BASE CHANNELS ("BASE CHANNELS")

The data logger – is a multichannel device, which has different inputs (voltage, current, temperature, discrete inputs etc.) requiring individual setting.

For channels setting it is necessary in the main menu by buttons  $\blacktriangle$  (up) or  $\blacktriangledown$  (down) select the item "**Channels**", confirm the selection by pressing the button  $\blacksquare$  (enter). On the display of the data logger there will be the list of available channels:

"Channel 1" (2 and 3) – menu items for setting the channels of voltage;

"Channel 4" (5, 6 and 7) – menu items for setting the channels of current;

"Channel 8" (9) – menu items for setting the channels of temperature;

"Channel 10" – menu item for setting the channel of analog voltage 0-10 V;

"Channel 11" - menu item for setting the channel of analog current 0-20 mA;

"Channel 12" (13, 14 and 15) - menu items for setting the channels of discrete signal;

"Channel 16" (17 and 18) – menu items for setting the channels of power.

By buttons ▲ (up) or ▼ (down) make selection of necessary item of menu, confirm the selection by pressing the button **(enter)**.

To restore the previous menu, press the button ◀ (left).

## 7.2.1 Setting of the channel of voltage ("Channel 1" (2 and 3))

At selection of this item on the display of the data logger there will be a screen with a list of available items for setting the channel of voltage:

"Information" – menu item with a brief information and description;

"Voltage sensor" – menu item for setting the coefficient of voltage transfer (with voltage transformers switched on).

By buttons  $\blacktriangle$  (up) or  $\blacktriangledown$  (down) make a selection of the necessary item, confirm the selection by pressing the button  $\blacksquare$  (enter).

To restore the previous menu, press the button ◀ (left).

## 7.2.1.1 Setting of voltage sensor ("Voltage sensor")

At selection of this item on the display of the data logger there will be the screen of setting of voltage

conversion ratio, resulted in the figure 7.2.1.

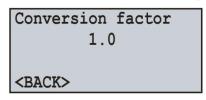


Figure 7.2.1 – Screen of setting of voltage conversion ratio

On this screen you can set the voltage conversion ratio from 1.0 to 5000.0.

By button **(up)** select the parameter "**1.0**" (the selected parameter is highlighted by the cursor).

For starting the changes in the parameter it is necessary to press the button (enter), the selected parameter starts to blink.

By buttons  $\blacktriangle$  (up) or  $\blacktriangledown$  (down) change the value of the parameter. After completion of change it is necessary to press the button  $\blacksquare$  (enter) again – to escape from the mode of setting and saving of the changed parameter. The parameter stops blinking.

To restore the previous menu it is necessary by button ▼ (down) locate the cursor in position "BACK" and press the button **©** (enter).

## 7.2.2 Setting of the channel of current ("Channel 4" (5, 6 and 7))

At selection of this item on the display of the data logger there will be a screen with a list of available items for setting the channel of current:

"Information" – menu item with a brief description;

"Current sensor" – a menu item for setting the current transformer nominal.

By buttons  $\blacktriangle$  (up) or  $\blacktriangledown$  (down) make a selection of the necessary item of menu, confirm the selection by pressing the button  $\blacksquare$  (enter).

To restore the previous menu, press the button ◀ (left).

## 7.2.2.1 Setting of current sensor ("Current sensor")

At selection of this item on the display of the data logger there will be the screen of setting of current transformer rated, resulted in the figure 7.2.2.

Input type: 5 A
Rated: 5 A
<BACK>

Figure 7.2.2 – Screen of setting of current transformer rated

On this screen you can set the rated of used current transformer from the following row: 5 A, 10 A, 15 A, 20 A, 30 A, 40 A, 50 A, 75 A, 100 A, 150 A, 200 A, 300 A, 400 A, 600 A, 800 A, 1000 A, 1500 A, 2000 A.

By button ▲ (up) select the parameter "Rated" (the selected parameter is highlighted by the cursor).

For starting the changes in the parameter it is necessary to press the button (enter), the selected parameter starts to blink.

By buttons  $\blacktriangle$  (up) or  $\blacktriangledown$  (down) change the value of the parameter. After completion of change it is necessary to press the button  $\blacksquare$  (enter) again – to escape from the mode of setting and for saving of the changed parameter. The parameter stops blinking.

To restore the previous menu it is necessary by button ▼ (down) locate the cursor in position "BACK" and press the button ■ (enter).

## 7.2.3 Setting of the channel of temperature ("Channel 8" (9))

At selection of this item on the display of the data logger there will be a screen with a list of available items for setting the channel of temperature:

"Information" - menu item with a brief description;

"Temperature sensor" – a menu item for setting the type of sensor and for making correction of the temperature.

By buttons  $\blacktriangle$  (up) or  $\blacktriangledown$  (down) make a selection of the necessary item of menu, confirm the selection by pressing the button  $\blacksquare$  (enter).

To restore the previous menu, press the button ◀ (left).

## 7.2.3.1 Setting of temperature sensor ("Temperature sensor")

At selection of this item on the display of the data logger there will be a screen of setting of temperature sensor, resulted in the figure 7.2.3.

Sens. type: PTC1000 Correction: 0.0\*C Filter: 10.0 s <BACK>

Figure 7.2.3 – Screen of temperature sensor setting

RPM-416 NOVATEK-ELECTRO

On this screen you can set the type of the used sensor: PTC1000 or PT1000.

At the necessity you can perform the calibration of temperature range from minus 9.9 °C to +9.9 °C.

Temperature filter range from **0.0 sec** (disabled) to **10.0 sec**.

By buttons  $\blacktriangle$  (up) or  $\blacktriangledown$  (down) select the necessary parameter (the selected parameter is highlighted by the cursor).

For starting the changes in the parameter it is necessary to press the button (enter), the selected parameter starts to blink.

By buttons  $\blacktriangle$  (up) or  $\blacktriangledown$  (down) change the value of the parameter. After completion of change it is necessary to press the button  $\blacksquare$  (enter) again – to escape from the mode of setting and for saving of the changed parameter. The parameter stops blinking.

To restore the previous menu it is necessary by button ▼ (down) locate the cursor in position "BACK" and press the button **©** (enter).

After connection (or replacement) of temperature sensor it should be calibrated. The calibration consists of summing of correcting coefficient and measured temperature. For temperature calibration you will need a calibration thermometer with grade not less than 0.1 °C.

The sensor of calibration thermometer and sensor of calibrated channel should be located as close to each other as possible.

The correcting coefficient is calculated by the following relation:

Tcc = Tct - Ttmr, where:

Tcc - value of correcting coefficient, °C;

Tct – temperature value of calibration thermometer, °C;

Ttmr – temperature value measured by the data logger, °C.

During calculating of correcting coefficient you should wait for some time (about 5 minutes) for stabilization of temperature values.

#### 7.2.4 Setting of the channel of analog voltage 0-10 V ("Channel 10")

At selection of this item on the display of the data logger there will be a screen with a list of available items for setting the channel of analog voltage 0-10 V:

"Information" - menu item with a brief description;

"Voltage sensor" – a menu item for setting the type of analog voltage sensor 0-10 V.

"Scaling" - menu item, that allows to set analogue voltage sensor scaling.

By buttons  $\blacktriangle$  (up) or  $\blacktriangledown$  (down) make a selection of the necessary item of menu, confirm the selection by pressing the button  $\blacksquare$  (enter).

To restore the previous menu, press the button ◀ (left).

#### 7.2.4.1 Setting of the sensor of analog voltage 0-10 V ("Voltage sensor")

At selection of this item on the display of the data logger there will be a screen of setting the analog voltage sensor 0-10 V, resulted in the figure 7.2.4.

```
Inp. type: 0...10V
Filter: 10.0 s
<BACK>
```

Figure 7.2.4 – Screen of setting the analog voltage sensor

On this screen you can set the type of used sensor: 0...10V or 2...10V.

Analog voltage filter range from **0.0 sec** (disabled) to **10.0 sec**.

By buttons ▲ (up) or ▼ (down) select the necessary parameter (the selected parameter is highlighted by the cursor).

For starting the changes in the parameter it is necessary to press the button (enter), the selected parameter starts to blink.

By buttons ▲ (up) or ▼ (down) change the value of the parameter. After completion of change it is necessary to press the button **(enter)** again – to escape from the mode of setting and for saving of the changed parameter. The parameter stops blinking.

To restore the previous menu it is necessary by button ▼ (down) locate the cursor in position "BACK" and press the button ■ (enter).

#### 7.2.4.2 Analogue voltage sensor scaling settings ("Scaling")

When selecting this menu item the register's display shows the screen of scale setting for analogue voltage sensor, given in the Fig. 7.2.5.

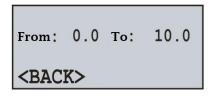


Figure 7.2.5 – Analogue Voltage Sensor Scale Setting Screen

On this screen you can set the initial sensor scale from **-999.9** to **3000.0** and ultimate sensor scale from **-999.9** to **3000.0**.

Via arrow keys ▲ (up) or ▼ (down) select required parameter (the selected parameter is highlighted by the cursor).

To edit parameter one should:

- press 
   (enter) key, the parameter starts to flash;
- via arrow keys ▲ (up) or ▼ (down) change the parameter value;
- after changing the value press (enter) button again to exit edit mode and save the value set, the parameter stops to flash.

To return to the previous menu via ▼ (down) arrow button set the cursor in "RETURN" position and press **(enter)** button.

#### 7.2.5 Setting of the channel of analog current 0-20 mA ("Channel 11")

At selection of this item on the display of the data logger there will be a screen with a list of available items for setting the channel of analog current 0-20 mA:

"Information" - menu item with a brief description;

"Sensor of current" – a menu item for setting the type of analog current sensor 0-20 mA.

"Scaling" - menu item, that allows to set analogue current sensor scaling.

By buttons  $\blacktriangle$  (up) or  $\blacktriangledown$  (down) make a selection of the necessary item of menu, confirm the selection by pressing the button  $\blacksquare$  (enter).

To restore the previous menu, press the button ◀ (left).

#### 7.2.5.1 Setting of the sensor of analog current 0-20 mA ("Current sensor")

At selection of this item on the display of the data logger there will be a screen of setting the analog current sensor 0-20 mA, resulted in the figure 7.2.6.

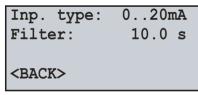


Figure 7.2.6 – Screen of setting the analog current sensor

On this screen you can set the type of used sensor: 0...20 mA or 4...20 mA.

Analog current filter range from **0.0 sec** (disabled) to **10.0 sec**.

By buttons  $\blacktriangle$  (up) or  $\blacktriangledown$  (down) select the necessary parameter (the selected parameter is highlighted by the cursor).

For starting the changes in the parameter it is necessary to press the button (enter), the selected parameter starts to blink.

By buttons  $\blacktriangle$  (up) or  $\blacktriangledown$  (down) change the value of the parameter. After completion of change it is necessary to press the button  $\blacksquare$  (enter) again – to escape from the mode of setting and for saving of the changed parameter. The parameter stops blinking.

To restore the previous menu it is necessary by button ▼ (down) locate the cursor in position "BACK" and press the button ■ (enter).

#### 7.2.5.2 Analogue current sensor scaling setting ("Scaling")

When selecting this menu item the register's display shows the screen of scale setting for analogue current sensor, given in the Fig. 7.2.7.

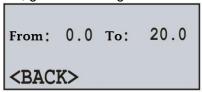


Figure 7.2.7 – Analogue Current Sensor Scale Setting Screen

On this screen you can set the initial sensor scale from **-999.9** to **3000.0** and ultimate sensor scale from **-999.9** to **3000.0**.

Via arrow button ▲ (up) or ▼ (down) select required parameter (the selected parameter is highlighted by the cursor).

To edit parameter one should:

- press (ENTER) button, the parameter starts to flash;
- via arrow buttons ▲ (up) or ▼ (down) change the parameter value;
- after changing the value press 

   (enter) button again to exit edit mode and save the value set, the parameter stops to flash.

To return to the previous menu via ▼ (down) arrow button set the cursor in "RETURN" position and press (enter) button.

#### 7.2.6 Setting of the channel of discrete signal ("Channel 12" (13, 14 and 15))

At selection of this item on the display of the data logger there will be a screen with a list of available items for setting the channel of discrete signal:

"Information" - menu item with a brief description;

"Signal inversion" – menu item, that allows to set the signal inversion;

"Signal capture" - menu item, that allows to set the signal capture method.

By buttons  $\blacktriangle$  (up) or  $\blacktriangledown$  (down) make a selection of the necessary item of menu, confirm the selection by pressing the button  $\blacksquare$  (enter).

To restore the previous menu, press the button ◀ (left).

#### 7.2.6.1 Signal inversion setting ("Signal inversion")

At selection of this item on the display of the data logger there will be a screen of setting of the type of signal inversion setting, resulted in the figure 7.2.8.

not inverted <BACK>

Figure 7.2.8 – Screen of setting of the type of signal inversion

On this screen you can set a type of signal inversion: **not inverted** or **inverted**.

By button **\( \Delta\)** (up) select the parameter "**not inverted**" (the selected parameter is highlighted by the cursor).

By pressing the button **■** (enter) change the type of discrete signal.

To restore the previous menu it is necessary by button ▼ (down) locate the cursor in position "BACK" and press the button ■ (enter).

#### **7.2.6.2** Signal capture method setting ("Signal capture")

When selecting this menu item the register's display shows the screen of signal capture method setting, given in the Fig. 7.2.9.

by fallout

Figure 7.2.9 – Signal Capture Method Setting Screen

On this screen you can set the signal capture method: "by fallout" or "by front".

Via **▲** (up) arrow button select "**by fallout**" parameter (the selected parameter is highlighted by the cursor).

By pressing (enter) button change the digital signal type.

To return to the previous menu via ▼ (down) arrow key set the cursor in "RETURN" position and press (enter) button.

#### 7.2.7 Setting of the channel of power ("Channel 16" (17 and 18))

At selection of this item on the display of the data logger there will be a screen with a list of available items for setting the channel of power:

"Information" - a menu item with a brief description;

"Scalers reset" - menu item, that allows to reset active and reactive energy scalers.

By buttons  $\blacktriangle$  (up) or  $\blacktriangledown$  (down) make a selection of the necessary item of menu, confirm the selection by pressing the button  $\blacksquare$  (enter).

#### 7.3 EXPANSION MODULES

When you select this menu item on the display of the recording system the screen will be displayed with the list of available menu options for configuring expansion modules:

"On / Off" menu item allows you to enable or disable the expansion modules;

"Module 1" (2, 3 and 4) - menu item that allows you to configure the appropriate expansion module;

Using buttons  $\blacktriangle$  (up) or  $\blacktriangledown$  (down) make the selection of the corresponding menu item, confirm the selection by pressing the button  $\blacksquare$  (enter).

To return to the previous menu, press the button ◀ (left).

#### 7.3.1 Turning the power on and off for expansion modules ("On / Off")

When you select this menu item on the display of the recording system the screen displays on and off for expansion modules shown in Fig. 7.3.1.

On this screen you can enable or disable the extension modules: Modules Off or Modules On.

Using the button ▲ (up) select the parameter "Modules Off" (the selected parameter is highlighted by the cursor).

By pressing the button **(enter)** change the state of expansion modules.

Modules disabled <BACK>

Figure 7.3.1 – Screen for expansion modules on and off

To return to the previous menu, pressing the button ▼ (down) set the cursor to "BACK" and press the button ■ (enter).

#### 7.3.2 Expansion module ("Module 1" (2, 3 and 4)) setting

When you select this menu item on the display of the recording system the screen displays the settings for expansion module shown in Fig.7.3.2.

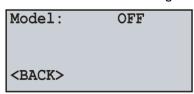


Figure 7.3.2 – Screen for expansion module settings

On this screen you can set the model of the connected expansion module:

- OFF the expansion module is off;
- MP-01 the module MP-01 is on.

Using the button ▲ (up) set the cursor in the position "**OFF**" (the selected parameter is highlighted by the cursor).

To edit parameter you should press the button **(enter)**, the selected parameter will blink.

Using buttons ▲ (up) or ▼ (down), change the parameter value.

After the value change it is necessary to press again the button **■** (enter) – to exit the edit mode and save the value entered. The parameter stops blinking.

To return to the previous menu, pressing the button ▼ (down) set the cursor to "BACK" and press the button ■ (enter).

#### 7.4 SETTING OF DISPLAY ("DISPLAY")

For setting of the display it is necessary in the main menu of the data logger by buttons  $\blacktriangle$  (up) or  $\blacktriangledown$  (down) select the item "**Display**", confirm the selection by pressing the button  $\blacksquare$  (enter). On the display of the data logger, there will be a list of available items for display setting:

"Backlight settings" – a menu item for setting the backlight mode of the display.

By buttons  $\blacktriangle$  (up) or  $\blacktriangledown$  (down) make a selection of the necessary item of the menu, confirm the selection by pressing the button  $\blacksquare$  (enter).

To restore the previous menu, press the button ◀ (left).

#### 7.4.1 Setting of the display backlight mode ("Backlight settings")

At selection of this item on the display of the data logger there will be a screen of setting the display backlight mode, resulted in the figure 7.4.1.

Off after 30sec

Figure 7.4.1 – Screen of setting of display backlight mode

On this screen you can set the display illuminating mode: Off, On continuously or Off after 30 sec.

By button ▲ (up) select the parameter "Off after 30sec" (the selected parameter is highlighted by the cursor).

By pressing the button (enter) change the backlight mode of display.

To restore the previous menu it is necessary by button ▼ (down) locate the cursor in position "BACK" and press the button © (enter).

#### 7.5 SETTING OF RECORD OF DATA MODE ("RECORD OF DATA")

For setting the mode of data recording it is necessary in the main menu of the data logger by buttons  $\blacktriangle$  (up) or  $\blacktriangledown$  (down) select the item "**Record of data**", confirm the selection by pressing the button  $\blacksquare$  (enter). On the display there will be a screen with a list of available items for setting the modes of data recording:

"Record type" – a menu item for setting the type of data recording:

"Recording period" – a menu item for setting the period of data recording;

"File size" – a menu item for setting the size of recoded file;

"Choice of data" – a menu item for setting the measuring values for recording.

By buttons  $\blacktriangle$  (up) or  $\blacktriangledown$  (down) make a selection of the necessary item of menu, confirm the selection by pressing the button  $\blacksquare$  (enter).

To restore the previous menu, press the button ◀ (left).

#### 7.5.1 Setting of data recording type ("Record type")

At selection of this item on the display of the data logger there will be a screen of setting the type of recording, resulted in the figure 7.5.1.



Figure 7.5.1 – Screen of setting the type of recording

On this screen you can set the type of data recording: Until memory or The ring.

By button ▲ (up) select the parameter "**Until memory**" (the selected parameter is highlighted by the cursor).

By pressing the button (enter) change the type of data recording.

To restore the previous menu it is necessary by button ▼ (down) locate the cursor in position "BACK" and press the button **(enter)**.

#### 7.5.2 Setting of recording period ("Recording period")

At selection of this item on the display of the data logger there will be a screen of setting the period of data recording, resulted in figure 7.5.2.



Figure 7.5.2 – Screen of setting the period of data recording

On this screen you can set the period of data recording from 1 ms to 60 min.

By button ▲ (up) select the parameter "1 sec" (the selected parameter is highlighted by the cursor).

For starting the changes in the parameter it is necessary to press the button (enter), the selected parameter starts to blink.

By buttons ▲ (up) or ▼ (down) change the period of data recording.

After completion of change it is necessary to press the button **□** (enter) again – to escape from the mode of setting and for saving of the changed parameter. The parameter stops blinking.

To restore the previous menu it is necessary by button ▼ (down) locate the cursor in position "BACK" and press the button © (enter).



NOTE: Short period of data recording result in quick completion of free space on the memory card. It is recommended to set the short period of recording only when measuring the fast running processes.

#### 7.5.3 Setting of the size of data file ("File size")

At selection of this item on the display of the data logger there will be a screen of setting the size of data file, resulted in figure 7.5.3.



Figure 7.5.3 – Screen of setting the size of data file

On this screen you can set the size of data file from 32 KB to 512 MB.

By button ▲ (up) select the parameter "16 MB" (the selected parameter is highlighted by the cursor).

For starting the changes in the parameter it is necessary to press the button **(enter)**, the selected parameter starts to blink.

BY buttons ▲ (up) or ▼ (down) change the size value of data file.

After completion of change it is necessary to press the button  $\square$  (enter) again – to escape from the mode of setting and for saving of the changed parameter. The parameter stops blinking.

To restore the previous menu it is necessary by button  $\blacktriangledown$  (down) locate the cursor in position "BACK" and press the button  $\blacksquare$  (enter).

#### 7.5.4 Selection of recorded data ("Choice of data")

At selection of this item on the display of the data logger there will be a screen of setting the recorded data, resulted in figure 7.5.4. Recorded data represents the single block consisting of 20 cells (of measured values).

Data selection: 1/20 < 1:c01/VoltRMS > 2:c02/VoltRMS 3:c03/VoltRMS

Figure 7.5.4 – Screen of setting the recorded data

Where:

"1/20" – number of selected cell (1 of 20);

"1:, 2:, 3:" - order number of cell (from 1 to 20);

"c01/VoltRMS L1" - name of value (Channel 1 - RMS voltage).

By buttons ▲ (up) or ▼ (down) select the number of cell (selected cell is highlighted by the cursor).

To edit the box press the button **■** (enter), on the display of the data logger there will be the list of measured values, as resulted in figure 7.5.5.

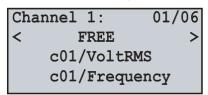


Figure 7.5.5 – Screen of the list of measured values

Where:

"Channel 1" - channel number:

"01/06" - channel value number (1 of 6 for this channel);

"<FREE>" - empty value;

"c01/VoltRMS" – name of the value (Channel 1 – RMS Voltage).

Shifting to the next available channel is performed by pressing the button ◀ (left) or ▶ (right), and by buttons ▲ (up) or ▼ (down) you can scroll the list of available measuring.

The total list of measured values is described in item 6.1.7, table 6.1.

If the value "<FREE>" is selected – the cell is marked as free and will not be recorded to the memory card.

To confirm the selection it is necessary to press the button  $\bullet$  (enter), the display will return to initial state (Fig. 7.5.4).

To escape from the menu "Choice of data", press the button ◀ (left).

#### 7.6 SETTING OF THE MODES OF DATA RECORDING AT EVENT ("RECORD OF EVENT")

For setting the modes of data recording at event it is necessary in the main menu of the data logger by buttons ▲ (up) or ▼ (down) select the item "Record of event", confirm the selection by pressing the button (enter). On the display of the data logger there will be the screen with a list of available items for setting the modes of recording at event:

"On / Off" – a menu item for switching on and off the data recording at event;

"Recording time" - a menu item for setting the time of event recording;

"Discreteness" – a menu item for setting the frequency of discretion of events;

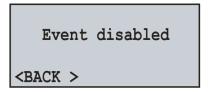
"Event 1" (2, 3, 4 и 5) – a menu item for setting the event at which the data recording will start.

By buttons  $\blacktriangle$  (up) or  $\blacktriangledown$  (down) make a selection of the necessary item of menu, confirm the selection by pressing the button  $\blacksquare$  (enter).

To restore the previous menu, press the button ◀ (left).

#### 7.6.1 Switching on and switching off the data recording at event ("On / Off")

At selection of this item on the display of the data logger there will be a screen of switching on and switching off the data recording at event, resulted in figure 7.6.1.



**Figure 7.6.1** – Screen of switching on and switching off the event for data recording

On this screen you can switch on or switch off the data recording at event: **Event enabled** or **Event disabled**.

By button ▲ (up) select the parameter "Event disabled" (the selected parameter is highlighted by the cursor).

By pressing the button **(enter)** change the state of data recording at event.

To restore the previous menu it is necessary by button ▼ (down) locate the cursor in position "BACK" and press the button **©** (enter).

**Note** – if the period of data recording is set less than 10 ms, due to futility of events use they will be automatically switched off. For switching on the event, it is necessary to set the period of data recording equal to 10 ms.

#### 7.6.2 Setting of the time of data recording at event ("Recording time")

At selection of this item on the display of the data logger there will be a screen of setting the time of data recording at event, resulted in figure 7.6.2.

Window: 200ms
Pt-s before: 100
Pt-s after: 100
<BACK >[ \* ]

Figure 7.6.2 – Screen of setting the time of data recording at event

On this screen you can set the number of points of recording before the event "Pt-s before" in range from 0 to 1480, and number of points of recording after the event "Pt-s after" in range from 0 to 1480.

By buttons ▲ (up) or ▼ (down) select the necessary parameter (the selected parameter is highlighted by the cursor).

For starting the changes in the parameter it is necessary to press the button (enter), the selected parameter starts to blink.

By buttons ▲ (up) or ▼ (down) change the value of parameter.

After completion of change it is necessary to press the button **■** (enter) again – to escape from the mode of setting and for saving of the changed parameter. The parameter stops blinking.

To restore the previous menu it is necessary by button ▼ (down) locate the cursor in position "BACK" and press the button © (enter).

Then "Window" initiates the time interval that will be recorded at the event occurrence. This interval is calculated based on the sum of number of points before the event "100" and number of points after the event "100", multiplied by discreteness of data recording "1 ms" (item 7.6.3).

To simplify the time perception there is a indicator in the right low corner which shows the common time interval "200 ms" in the square brackets [1], and the moment of event occurrence, represented by an arrow down ].

#### 7.6.3 Setting of discreteness of data recording at event ("Discreteness")

At selection of this item on the display of the data logger there will be a screen for setting the discreteness of data recording at event, resulted in figure 7.6.3.

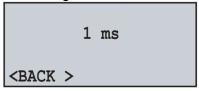


Figure 7.6.3 – Screen of setting the discreteness of data recording at event

On this screen you can set the discreteness of recording from 1 ms to 1000 ms.

By buttons  $\blacktriangle$  (up) or  $\blacktriangledown$  (down) select the parameter "1 ms" (the selected parameter is highlighted by the cursor).

For starting the changes in the parameter it is necessary to press the button (enter), the selected parameter starts to blink.

By buttons ▲ (up) or ▼ (down) change the value of parameter.

After completion of change it is necessary to press the button **□** (enter) again − to escape from the mode of setting and for saving of the changed parameter. The parameter stops blinking.

To restore the previous menu it is necessary by button ▼ (down) locate the cursor in position "BACK" and press the button **©** (enter).

#### 7.6.4 Setting of event ("Event 1" (2, 3, 4 and 5))

At selection of this item on the display of the data logger there will be a screen of setting the event:

"Source" – a menu item for selection of source of event;

"Upper treshold" – a menu item for setting the value of upper threshold;

"Lower treshold" – a menu item for setting the value of lower threshold.

By buttons  $\blacktriangle$  (up) or  $\blacktriangledown$  (down) make a selection of the necessary item of menu, confirm the selection by pressing the button  $\blacksquare$  (enter).

To restore the previous menu, press the button ◀ (left).



For setting the up or down thresholds it is necessary to select the source of event, otherwise these items will not be available.

#### 7.6.4.1 Selecting the event source ("Source")

At selection of this item on the display of the data logger there will be a list of measured values, as resulted in figure 7.6.4.



Figure 7.6.4 – Screen of list of measured values

Where:

"Channel 1" - number of channel;

"01/06" – value number of channel (1 of 3 for this channel);

"<FREE>" - empty value;

"c01/VoltRMS" - name of the value (Channel 1 - RMS Voltage).

Shifting to the next available channel is performed by pressing the button ◀ (left) or ▶ (right), and by buttons ▲ (up) or ▼ (down) you can scroll the list of available measuring.

The total list of measured values is described in item 6.1.7, table 6.1.

If the value "**<FREE>**" is selected – the cell is marked as free and will not be recorded on the memory card To confirm the selection and return to previous menu it is necessary to press the button **(enter)**.

#### 7.6.4.2 Setting of Upper and Lower thresholds ("Upper treshold" u "Lower treshold")

At selection of this item on the display of the data logger there will be a screen of setting the Upper threshold and Lower threshold of events, resulted in figure 7.6.5.

 Status:
 OFF

 Tres.:
 5.0V

 Time:
 10 ms

 <BACK >

Figure 7.6.5 – Screen of setting the Upper and Lower thresholds of event

On this screen you can set:

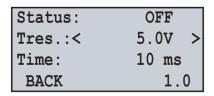
- Threshold state ("**OFF**", "**ONCE**" or "**LONG**");
- Threshold value ("5.0 V" interval of values depend on the used source);
- Time ("10 ms" from 1 ms to 60 sec), after that period the event will take place provided the measured value exceeds the tresholds set by the user.

By button ▲ (up) select the necessary parameter "1 sec" (the selected parameter is highlighted by the cursor). For starting the changes in the parameter it is necessary to press the button **(enter)**, the selected parameter starts to blink.

By buttons ▲ (up) or ▼ (down) change the value of parameter.

For setting the value of treshold, by buttons ◀ (left) or ▶ (right) change the grade of value (Fig. 7.6.6), which is located in the right low corner of the screen.

Status:	OFF
Tres.:<	5.0V >
Time:	10 ms
BACK	0.1



Status:	OFF
Tres.:<	5.0V >
Time:	10 ms
BACK	10.0

Figure 7.6.6 – Screen of setting the value of threshold

After completion of change it is necessary to press the button **□** (enter) again – to escape from the mode of setting and for saving of the changed parameter. The parameter stops blinking.

To restore the previous menu it is necessary by button ▼ (down) locate the cursor in position "BACK" and press the button **©** (enter).

#### 7.7 SETTING OF MEMORY CARD ("MEMORY CARD")

For setting the memory card it is necessary in the main menu of the data logger by buttons  $\blacktriangle$  (up) or  $\blacktriangledown$  (down) select the item "**Memory card**", confirm the selection by pressing the button  $\blacksquare$  (enter). On the display of the data logger there will be a screen with a list of available items for setting the memory card:

"Information" – a menu item with brief information about the memory card;

"Remove card" – a menu item for safety removing out of the memory card:

"Format" - a menu item for formatting the memory card

By buttons  $\blacktriangle$  (up) or  $\blacktriangledown$  (down) make a selection of the necessary item of menu, confirm the selection by pressing the button  $\blacksquare$  (enter).

To restore the previous menu, press the button ◀ (left).

#### 7.7.1 Brief information about the memory card ("Information")

At selection of this item on the display of the data logger there will be brief information about the memory card. Example of such information screen is presented in figure 7.7.1.

Name: "SMI "
Revision: 0.0
S/N: 0
<BACK >

Figure 7.7.1 – Brief information about the installed memory card

By buttons ▲ (up) or ▼ (down) you can scroll the reviewed information.

To restore the previous menu, press the button **■** (enter).

#### 7.7.2 Safety removes of the memory card ("Remove card")

The item "**Remove card**" enables to spot the data recording on the memory card before its pulling out from the data logger.

After the data recording process is stopped there will be a message on the display, resulted in figure 7.7.2.

Remove the memory card from the device

Figure 7.7.2 – Screen of confirmation of data recording termination

Now you can safely pull out the memory card from the data logger.

To restore the previous menu, press the button **■** (enter).



Always before pulling out the memory card, observe this item of the menu because pulling out of the memory card during the process of data recording can result in data loss.

#### 7.7.3 Formatting of the memory card ("Format")

At selection of this item on the display of the data logger there will be a warning message about data loss after formatting (Fig. 7.7.3).

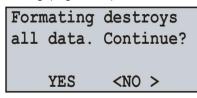


Figure 7.7.3 – Screen with a warning message and conformation of formatting

To confirm the process of formatting it is necessary by button ◀ (left) locate the cursor in position "**YES**" and press the button **©** (enter).

To cancel the process of formatting it is necessary by button ▶ (right) locate the cursor in position "NO" and press the button ଢ (enter). The process of formatting will be canceled and the data logger returns to the previous item.



## While the process of formatting DO NOT switch off the power and make NO operations with the data logger until the formatting is finished.

After completion of formatting there will be a message on the display of the data logger (Fig. 7.7.4). If during the formatting there are errors, there will be a message on the display about an error and impossibility of memory card formatting (Fig. 7.7.4).

The format is completed success.

ERROR!
Formating is not possible!
<OK>

Screen of successful formatting

Screen of impossibility of formatting

Figure 7.7.4 – Possible screens of formatting results

For confirmation and restore of the previous menu, press the button **(enter)**.



**NOTE:** THE MEMORY CARD FORMATTING WILL CAUSE THE LOSS OF ALL INFORMATION (WITHOUT POSSIBILITY TO RESTORE IT).

#### 7.8 SETTING OF ETHERNET NETWORK ("NETWORK")

For setting Ethernet network it is necessary in the main menu of the data logger by buttons ▲ (up) or ▼ (down) select the item "**Network**", confirm the selection by pressing the button **©** (enter). On the display of the data logger there will be a screen with a list of available items for setting Ethernet interface:

"Modbus TCP" - a menu item for setting of Modbus TCP server;

"HTTP" – a menu item for setting Web-server;

"FTP" – a menu item for setting Ftp-server;

"Overvis" - a menu item, for setting the Overvis client;

"TCP / IP" - a menu item for setting the Ethernet main parameters.

By buttons  $\blacktriangle$  (up) or  $\blacktriangledown$  (down) make a selection of the necessary item of menu, confirm the selection by pressing the button  $\blacksquare$  (enter).

To restore the previous menu, press the button ◀ (left).

#### 7.8.1 Setting of Modbus TCP server ("Modbus TCP")

At selection of this item on the display of the data logger there will be a screen with a list of available items for setting the Modbus TCP server:

"State" - a menu item for view current state server:

"On / Off" – a menu item for switching on and switching off the server;

"Identifier" - menu item, that allows to set the unit identifier;

"Port" – a menu item for setting the port for connection to server;

"Timeout" – a menu item for setting the timeout of connection;

"Reset password" - a menu item for resetting the password of access to Modbus TCP.

By buttons  $\blacktriangle$  (up) or  $\blacktriangledown$  (down) make a selection of the necessary item of menu, confirm the selection by pressing the button  $\blacksquare$  (enter).

To restore the previous menu, press the button ◀ (left).



**Note** – the change of password is possible only by the software RPM-416 Data Analysis, Web interface of the data logger or Modbus TCP.

These parameters will become operative only after saving of settings and restarting of the data logger.

#### 7.8.1.1 Switching on and switching off of Modbus TCP server

At selection of this item on the display of the data logger there will be a screen of switching on and switching off of Modbus TCP server, resulted in figure 7.8.1.

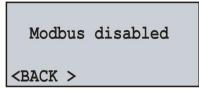


Figure 7.8.1 - Screen of switching on and switching off of Modbus TCP server

On this screen you can set the state of Modbus TCP server: "Modbus disabled" or "Modbus enabled".

By button **\( \Lambda\)** (up) select the parameter "**Modbus disabled**" (the selected parameter is highlighted by the cursor).

By pressing the button **(enter)** change the state of the server.

To restore the previous menu it is necessary by button ▼ (down) locate the cursor in position "BACK" and press the button **©** (enter).

#### 7.8.1.2 Unit identifier setting ("Identifier")

When selecting this menu item the register's display shows the screen of unit identifier setting, given in the Fig. 7.8.2.

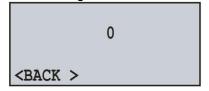


Figure 7.8.2 – Unit Identifier Setting Screen

On this screen you can set the unit identifier from 0 to 255.

Via ▲ (up) arrow button select "0" parameter (the selected parameter is highlighted by the cursor).

To edit parameter one should:

- press 
   (enter) button, the parameter starts to flash;
- via arrow buttons ▲ (up) or ▼ (down) change port number;
- after changing the value press 
   (enter) button again to exit edit mode and save value set, the parameter stops to flash;
- to return to the previous menu via ▼ (down) arrow button set the cursor in "RETURN" position and press (enter).

Note – if the identifier value is 0, RPM-416 ignores the UID line check in Modbus overshoot.

#### 7.8.1.3 Setting of connection port ("Port")

At selection of this item on the display of the data logger there will be a screen of setting the port of connection to Modbus TCP server, resulted in figure 7.8.3.

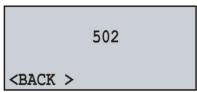


Figure 7.8.3 – screen of setting the port of connection to server

On this screen you can set the number of port for connection to Modbus TCP server from 1 to 65535.

By button ▲ (up) select the parameter "502" (the selected parameter is highlighted by the cursor).

For starting the changes in the parameter it is necessary to press the button (enter), the selected parameter starts to blink.

By buttons ▲ (up) or ▼ (down) change the number of port.

After completion of change it is necessary to press the button **■** (enter) again – to escape from the mode of

setting and for saving of the changed parameter. The parameter stops blinking.

To restore the previous menu it is necessary by button ▼ (down) locate the cursor in position "BACK" and press the button ■ (enter).

#### 7.8.1.4 Setting of connection timeout ("Timeout")

At selection of this item on the display of the data logger there will be a screen of setting the timeout of connection to Modbus TCP server, resulted in the figure 7.8.4.



**Figure 7.8.4** – Screen of setting the timeout of connection to Modbus TCP server

On this screen you can set the timeout of the connection to Modbus TCP server from 60 sec to 3600 sec.

By button ▲ (up) select the parameter "60 sec" (the selected parameter is highlighted by the cursor).

For starting the changes in the parameter it is necessary to press the button (enter), the selected parameter starts to blink.

By buttons ▲ (up) or ▼ (down) change the value of timeout.

After completion of change it is necessary to press the button **■** (enter) again – to escape from the mode of setting and for saving of the changed parameter. The parameter stops blinking.

To restore the previous menu it is necessary by button ▼ (down) locate the cursor in position "BACK" and press the button **©** (enter).

#### 7.8.1.5 Change the password to access Modbus TCP ("Change password")

When selecting this menu item the register's display shows the message, requiring to confirm password change to access Modbus TCP (Fig. 7.8.5).

Do you realy want to reset the password MODBUS? YES <NO >

Figure 7.8.5 – Modbus TCP Password Change Confirmation Screen

To confirm password change one should via ◀ (left) arrow button set the cursor in "YES" position and press (enter) button. The register's display shows the password input dialogue.

Enter new password, set the cursor in "OK" position and press **(enter)** button.

To cancel password change via ▶ (right) arrow button set the cursor in "NO" position and press **(enter)** button. The password change is not made, the register returns to the previous menu item.

#### 7.8.2 Setting of HTTP server ("HTTP")

At selection of this item on the display of the data logger there will be a screen with a list of available items for setting the Web-server:

"State" - a menu item for view current state server;

"On / Off" – a menu item for switching on and switching off the server;

"Port" – a menu item for setting the port for connection to server;

"Timeout" – a menu item for setting the timeout of connection;

"Change password" – menu item, that allows to change.

By buttons  $\blacktriangle$  (up) or  $\blacktriangledown$  (down) make a selection of the necessary item of menu, confirm the selection by pressing the button  $\blacksquare$  (enter).

To restore the previous menu, press the button ◀ (left).



These parameters will become operative only after saving of settings and restarting of the data logger.

#### 7.8.2.1 Switching on and switching off of HTTP server

At selection of this item on the display of the data logger there will be a screen of switching on and switching off HTTP server, resulted in figure 7.8.6.



Figure 7.8.6 – Screen of Switching on and switching off the Web-server

On this screen you can set the state of Web-server: "HTTP disabled or "HTTP enabled".

By button ▲ (up) select the parameter "HTTP disabled" (the selected parameter is highlighted by the cursor).

By pressing the button **(enter)** change the state of the server.

To restore the previous menu it is necessary by button ▼ (down) locate the cursor in position "BACK" and press the button **(enter)**.

#### 7.8.2.2 Setting of connection port ("Port")

At selection of this item on the display of the data logger there will be a screen of setting the port of connection to Web-server, resulted in figure 7.8.7.

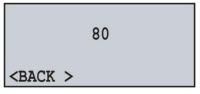


Figure 7.8.7 – Screen of setting the port of connection to Web-server

On this screen you can set the number of port of connection to Web-server from 1 to 65535.

By button ▲ (up) select the parameter "80" (the selected parameter is highlighted by the cursor).

For starting the changes in the parameter it is necessary to press the button (enter), the selected parameter starts to blink.

By buttons ▲ (up) or ▼ (down) change the number of port.

After completion of change it is necessary to press the button **■** (enter) again – to escape from the mode of setting and for saving of the changed parameter. The parameter stops blinking.

To restore the previous menu it is necessary by button ▼ (down) locate the cursor in position "BACK" and press the button **©** (enter).

#### 7.8.2.3 Setting of connection timeout ("Timeout")

At selection of this item on the display of the data logger there will be a screen of setting the timeout of connection to Web-server, resulted in figure 7.8.8.

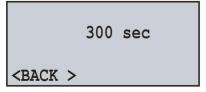


Figure 7.8.8 – Screen of setting the timeout of connection to Web-server

On this screen you can set the timeout of connection to Web-server from 60 sec to 3600 sec.

By button ▲ (up) select the parameter "300 sec" (the selected parameter is highlighted by the cursor).

For starting the changes in the parameter it is necessary to press the button **(enter)**, the selected parameter starts to blink.

By buttons ▲ (up) or ▼ (down) change the value of timeout.

After completion of change it is necessary to press the button **■** (enter) again − to escape from the mode of setting and for saving of the changed parameter. The parameter stops blinking.

To restore the previous menu it is necessary by button ▼ (down) locate the cursor in position "BACK" and press the button © (enter).

#### 7.8.2.4 Change the password to access HTTP server ("Change password")

When selecting this menu item the register's display shows the message, requiring to confirm password change to access HTTP server (Fig. 7.8.9).

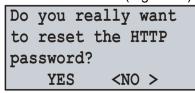


Figure 7.8.9 – HTTP Server Password Change Confirmation Screen

To confirm password change via ◀ (LEFT) arrow button set the cursor in "YES" position and press **(ENTER)** button. The register's display shows the password input dialogue.

Enter new password, set the cursor in "**OK**" position and press **■** (ENTER) button.

To cancel password change via ► (RIGHT) arrow button set the cursor in "NO" position and press (ENTER) button. The password change is not made, the register returns to the previous menu item.

#### 7.8.3 Setting of FTP server

At selection of this item on the display of the data logger there will be a screen with a list of available items for setting of FTP server:

"State" - a menu item for view current state server;

"On / Off" – a menu item for switching on and switching off the server:

"Port" – a menu item for setting the port for connection to server;

"Timeout" – a menu item for setting the timeout of connection;

"Reset password" – a menu item for resetting the password of access to server.

By buttons  $\blacktriangle$  (up) or  $\blacktriangledown$  (down) make a selection of the necessary item of menu, confirm the selection by pressing the button  $\blacksquare$  (enter).

To restore the previous menu, press the button ◀ (left).



These parameters will become operative only after saving of settings and restarting of the data logger.

#### 7.8.3.1 Switching on and switching off of FTP server

At selection of this item on the display of the data logger there will be a screen of switching on and switching off of FTP server, resulted in figure 7.8.10.

FTP disabled <BACK >

Figure 7.8.10 – Screen of switching on and switching off of FTP server

On this screen you can set the state of Web-server: "FTP disabled or "FTP enabled".

By button ▲ (up) select the parameter "FTP disabled" (the selected parameter is highlighted by the cursor).

By pressing the button **(enter)** change the state of the server.

To restore the previous menu it is necessary by button  $\blacktriangledown$  (down) locate the cursor in position "BACK" and press the button  $\blacksquare$  (enter).

#### 7.8.3.2 Setting of connection port ("Port")

At selection of this item on the display of the data logger there will be a screen of setting the port of connection to FTP-server, resulted in figure 7.8.11.

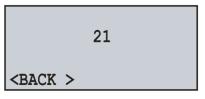


Figure 7.8.11 – Screen of setting the port of connection to FTP server

On this screen you can set the number of port of connection to FTP server from 1 to 65535.

By button ▲ (up) select the parameter "21" (the selected parameter is highlighted by the cursor).

For starting the changes in the parameter it is necessary to press the button (enter), the selected parameter starts to blink.

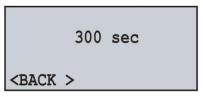
By buttons ▲ (up) or ▼ (down) change the number of port.

After completion of change it is necessary to press the button **■** (enter) again – to escape from the mode of setting and for saving of the changed parameter. The parameter stops blinking.

To restore the previous menu it is necessary by button ▼ (down) locate the cursor in position "BACK" and press the button **(down)** (enter).

#### 7.8.3.3 Setting of connection timeout ("Timeout")

At selection of this item on the display of the data logger there will be a screen of setting the timeout of connection to FTP -server, resulted in figure 7.8.12.



**Figure 7.8.12** – Screen of setting the timeout of connection to FTP server

On this screen you can set the timeout of connection to FTP server from 60 sec to 3600 sec.

By button ▲ (up) select the parameter "**300 sec**" ((the selected parameter is highlighted by the cursor).

For starting the changes in the parameter it is necessary to press the button (enter), the selected parameter starts to blink.

By buttons ▲ (up) or ▼ (down) change the value of timeout.

After completion of change it is necessary to press the button **□** (enter) again – to escape from the mode of setting and for saving of the changed parameter. The parameter stops blinking.

To restore the previous menu it is necessary by button ▼ (down) locate the cursor in position "BACK" and press the button **©** (enter).

#### 7.8.3.4 Reset of password of access to FTP server ("Reset password")

At selection of this item on the display of the data logger there will be a screen with a message asking to confirm the reset of password of access to FTP server (Fig. 7.8.13).

For password reset it is necessary by button ◀ (left) locate the cursor in position "YES" and press the button ଢ (enter). The register's display shows the password input dialogue.

Do you really want to reset the password FTP? YES <NO >

Figure 7.8.13 – Screen of conformation for FTP server password reset

Enter new password, set the cursor in "**OK**" position and press **■** (enter) button.

To cancel password change via ► (right) arrow button set the cursor in "NO" position and press (enter) button. The password change is not made, the register returns to the previous menu item.

#### 7.8.4 Overvis Client setting

When you select this menu item on the display of the recording system the screen will be displayed with the list of available menu options for Overvis Client setting:

- "Status" menu item that allows you to see the current connection status;
- "On / Off" menu item allows you to enable or disable the client;
- "Port" menu item that allows you to specify the port for connection to the server;
- "Timeout" menu item that allows you to set the timeout of the connection;
- "Activation" menu item that allows you to activate the connection.

Using the buttons  $\blacktriangle$  (up) or  $\blacktriangledown$  (down) make the selection of the corresponding menu item, confirm the selection by pressing the button  $\blacksquare$  (enter).

To return to the previous menu, press the button ◀ (left).



These settings will take effect only after saving the settings and restarting the recording system.

#### 7.8.4.1 Turning the power on and off for Overvis Client

When you select this menu item on the display of the recording system the screen displays on and off for Overvis Client shown in Fig. 7.8.14.

Overvis disabled <BACK>

Figure 7.8.14 – Screen for Overvis Client on and off

On this screen you can set the status for Overvis client: "Overvis OFF" or "Overvis ON".

Using the button ▲ (up) select the parameter "Overvis OFF" (the selected parameter is highlighted by the cursor).

By pressing the button **(enter)** change the status of the server.

To return to the previous menu, pressing the button ▼ (down) set the cursor to "BACK" and press the button **(enter)**.

#### 7.8.4.2 Setting for connection port ("Port")

When you select this menu item on the display of the recording system the screen displays the settings for the port of connection to Overvis server shown in Fig. 7.8.15.

20502 <BACK>

Figure 7.8.15 – Screen for settings of the port for connection to Overvis server

On this screen you can set the port number to connect to the Overvis server from 1 to 65535.

Using the button ▲ (up) select the parameter "20502" (the selected parameter is highlighted by the cursor).

To edit the parameter you should press the button 

(enter), the selected parameter will blink.

Using the buttons ▲ (up) or ▼ (down) change the port number.

After the value change it is necessary to press again the button **■** (enter) – to exit the edit mode and save the value entered. The parameter stops blinking.

To return to the previous menu, pressing the button ▼ (down) set the cursor to "BACK" and press the button **(enter)**.

#### 7.8.4.3 Setting for connection timeout ("Timeout")

When you select this menu item on the display of the recording system the screen displays the settings for the timeout of connection to Overvis server shown in Fig. 7.8.16.

On this screen you can set the timeout of connection to Overvis server from 20 sec to 3600 sec.

Using the button ▲ (up) select the parameter "90 sec" (the selected parameter is highlighted by the cursor).

To edit the parameter you should press the button (enter), the selected parameter will blink.

90 sec

**Figure 7.8.16** – Screen for settings of the timeout for connection to Overvis server

Using the buttons ▲ (up) or ▼ (down) change the timeout value.

After the value change it is necessary to press again the button **■** (enter) – to exit the edit mode and save the value entered. The parameter stops blinking.

To return to the previous menu, pressing the button ▼ (down) set the cursor to "BACK" and press the button **(enter)**.

#### 7.8.4.4 Activation of connection to Overvis server ("Activation")

When you select this menu item on the display of the recording system the screen displays the activation code (Fig. 7.8.17).



Figure 7.8.17 - Screen for activation of connection to Overvis server

If the connection to the Overvis server is activated, instead of the activation code the inscription "Already activated" appears.

To cancel the activation it is necessary using the button ▶ (right) to set the cursor to "**RESET**" and press the button **(enter)**. This will cancel the activation of connection to Overvis server.

#### 7.8.5 Setting of main parameters of Ethernet ("TCP / IP")

At selection of this item on the display of the data logger there will be a screen of setting the main parameters of Ethernet:

"State" - a menu item showing the current state of Ethernet;

"IPv4 config" – a menu item for setting of IPv4;

"DNS config" - a menu item for setting of DNS;

"DHCP config" – a menu item for setting of DHCP.

By buttons  $\blacktriangle$  (up) or  $\blacktriangledown$  (down) make a selection of the necessary item of menu, confirm the selection by pressing the button  $\blacksquare$  (enter).

To restore the previous menu, press the button ◀ (left).

#### 7.8.5.1 Review of state of connection to Ethernet ("State")

This menu item shows the current state of network connection:

- " **IP**" IP address;
- "MSK" Mask;
- "GTW" Gateway;
- "HCP" DHCP address;
- "DNS" DNS address.

Sample of such screen is presented in figure 7.8.18.

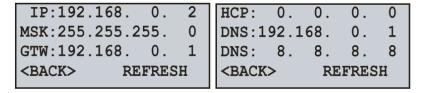


Figure 7.8.18 – Screen of connection state

Use the ▲ (up) or ▼ (down) to switch between screens condition.

In case when the network cable is not connected or connection failed, there will be a message on the display of the data logger "**Network cable is not connected**".

For reconnection of the data logger it is necessary by button ▶ (right) locate the cursor in position "UPDATE" and press the button **(enter)**. The result of reconnection will be shown on the display of the data logger.

To restore the previous menu it is necessary by button  $\blacktriangledown$  (down) locate the cursor in position "BACK" and press the button  $\blacksquare$  (enter).

#### 7.8.5.2 Setting of IP-address ("IP config")

Setting of IP-address means the setting of 3 basic parameters for work in Ethernet networks, these are:

• IP-Address of the data logger "IP:" (unique network address, for example "192.168.0.2");

- Subnet mask "MSK:" (for example "255.255.255.0");
- Main gateway "GTW:" (for example "192.168.0.1").

In the figure 7.8.19 is shown the screen of setting of IP-address.

```
IP:192.168. 0. 2
MSK:255.255.255. 0
GTW:192.168. 0. 1
<BACK >
```

Figure 7.8.19 - Screen of IP-address setting

By buttons  $\blacktriangle$  (up),  $\blacktriangledown$  (down),  $\blacktriangleleft$  (left) or  $\blacktriangleright$  (right) select the necessary parameter (the selected parameter is highlighted by the cursor).

For starting the changes in the parameter it is necessary to press the button **(enter)**, the selected parameter starts to blink.

By buttons ▲ (up) or ▼ (down) change the value of parameter in range from 0 to 255.

After completion of change it is necessary to press the button **□** (enter) again − to escape from the mode of setting and for saving of the changed parameter. The parameter stops blinking.

To restore the previous menu it is necessary by button ▼ (down) locate the cursor in position "BACK" and press the button ■ (enter).

#### 7.8.5.3 Setting for DNS addresses ("DNS setting")

In the Fig. 7.8.20 the DNS addresses setting screen is displayed.

```
DNS:192.168. 0. 1
DNS: 8. 8. 8. 8
<BACK>
```

Figure 7.8.20 - Screen for DNS addresses setting

Using the buttons  $\blacktriangle$  (up),  $\blacktriangledown$  (down),  $\blacktriangleleft$  (left) or  $\blacktriangleright$  (right) select the required parameter (the selected parameter is highlighted by the cursor).

To edit the parameter you should press the button **(enter)**, the selected parameter will blink.

Using the buttons ▲ (up) or ▼ (down) change the parameter value in the range from 0 to 255.

After the value change it is necessary to press again the button  $\blacksquare$  (enter) – to exit the edit mode and save the value entered. The parameter stops blinking.

To return to the previous menu, pressing the button ▼ (down) set the cursor to "BACK" and press the button (enter).

#### 7.8.5.4 Setting of DHCP ("DHCP config")

At selection of this item on the display of the data logger there will be a screen of setting DHCP:

"On / Off" – a menu item for switching on and switching off the use of DHCP;

By buttons  $\blacktriangle$  (up) or  $\blacktriangledown$  (down) select the necessary item, confirm the selection by pressing the button  $\blacksquare$  (enter).

To restore the previous menu, press the button ◀ (left).

#### Switching on and switching off of DHCP ("On / Off")

Switching on of DHCP enables to avoid the hand setting of Ethernet parameters and reduces the number of mistakes. DHCP protocol is used in most of TCP / IP networks.

In the figure 7.8.21 is shown the screen of switching on and switching off of DHCP.



Figure 7.8.21 – Screen of switching on and switching off of DHCP

On this screen you can set the state of DHCP: "DHCP disabled" или "DHCP enabled".

By button **\( \Delta\)** (up) select the parameter "**DHCP disabled**" (the selected parameter is highlighted by the cursor).

By pressing the button **(enter)** change the state of DHCP.

To restore the previous menu it is necessary by button ▼ (down) locate the cursor in position "BACK" and press the button ଢ (enter).



Warning! The switching on or switching off of DHCP totally reset the setting of IP-address.

#### 7.9 SETTING OF ACCESS RESTRICTION TO THE DATA LOGGER ("PASSWORD")

The access password is used for protection from unauthorized termination of data recording on the memory card or changing of parameters of the data logger.

The switching on and switching off of password protection is performed with the help of the main menu item "Password".

In the main menu of the data logger by buttons  $\blacktriangle$  (up) or  $\blacktriangledown$  (down) select the item "**Password**", confirm the selection by pressing the button  $\blacksquare$  (enter). On the display of the data logger there will be a screen with a list of available items of the menu for setting the password protection:

"On / Off" – a menu item for activating or deactivating the password protection;

"Change" – a menu item for changing the password value

By buttons  $\blacktriangle$  (up) or  $\blacktriangledown$  (down) select the necessary item of the menu, confirm the selection by pressing the button  $\blacksquare$  (enter).

To restore the previous menu, press the button ◀ (left).

#### 7.9.1 Switching On and Switching Off of the Password Protection ("On / Off")

At selection of this item of the menu on the display of the data logger there will be a screen of switching on and switching off the Password Protection, resulted in figure 7.9.1.



**Figure 7.9.1** – Screen of switching on and switching off of the Password Protection

On this screen you can set the state of password protection: "Password disabled" or "Password enabled".

By button ▲ (up) select the parameter "Password disabled" (the selected parameter is highlighted by the cursor).

By pressing the button **(enter)** change the state of the password protection.

To restore the previous menu it is necessary by button ▼ (down) locate the cursor in position "BACK" and press the button **(enter)**.



The switching off of the password protection does not cover the Modbus TCP server. At data exchange the server always checks the access password.

#### 7.9.2 Changing of password value ("Change")

At selection of this item on the display of the data logger there will be a message asking for confirmation of password changing. Example of such screen is resulted in the figure 7.9.2.

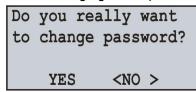


Figure 7.9.2 – Screen of confirmation of password changing

For confirmation of the password changing it is necessary by button ◀ (left) locate the cursor in position "YES" and press the button **(enter)**. On the display of the data logger there will be a screen of a new password input (Fig. 7.9.3).

To cancel the password input it is necessary by button ▶ (right) locate the cursor in position "NO" and press the button **(enter)**. The data logger will return to the previous item of the menu.

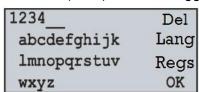


Figure 7.9.3 – Screen of password input

The password input is carried out by the following procedure: by buttons  $\triangleleft$  (left),  $\triangleright$  (right),  $\blacktriangle$  (up) and  $\blacktriangledown$  (down) make the selection of one numeric character of the password (the selected figure is highlighted by the cursor), and by button  $\blacksquare$  (enter) make the confirmation of the password input.

A flashing "\_" sign indicates, which password order is entered at this moment.

To delete one password order set the cursor in "Del" position and press **(enter)** key (e.g., in case of incorrect input).

To change symbol registry set the cursor in "Regs" (Register) position and press **(enter)** button.

To change symbol page set the cursor in "Lang" (Language) position and press **(enter)** button.

After completion of the password input it is necessary to locate the cursor in position "OK" and press the button (enter).

#### 7.10 RESET OF ALL SETTINGS TO THE FACTORY SETTINGS ("RESET ALL SETTINGS")

In RPM-416 there is a main menu item for resetting of all settings to the factory ones.

In order to reset all settings to the factory ones it is necessary by buttons ▲ (up) or ▼ (down) select the item

"Reset all settings" and confirm the selection by pressing the button **(enter)**. On the display of the data logger there will be a message asking to confirm this operation (Fig. 7.10.1).

Are you sure you wish to perform a factory reset?

YES <NO >

Figure 7.10.1 – Screen of confirming the reset of all settings

In order to confirm the reset of all settings it is necessary by button ◀ (left) locate the cursor in position "YES" and press the button ଢ (enter). If the password was installed before, the data logger will ask to enter the password.

If the entered password is correct, the data logger will perform the reset of all settings to the factory ones and on the display there will be a message, resulted in figure 7.10.2.



Figure 7.10.2 – The Reset of all settings is completed successfully

To cancel the reset of all settings it is necessary by button ▶ (right) locate the cursor in position "NO" and press the button ଢ (enter). The data logger returns to the previous item of the menu.

To confirm the reset of all settings it is necessary to select the item "YES" and press the button **(enter)**. The data logger will return to the main menu.



In case the data logger has an activated password protection, and the password value was lost, the reset of all settings to the factory ones can be perform in a following way – switch on the power supply to the data logger, and keep pressing two buttons UP and DOWN until there is a screen shown in the figure 7.10.2.

Note - at resetting of all settings to the factory ones as well are reset:

- Protection password (password value "1234", password protection is deactivated);
- Password of Modbus TCP (password value "admin");
- Password of Web-server (password value "admin");
- Password of FTP server (password value "admin");
- Time correction (value 0,0).

#### 7.11 REVIEW OF SOFTWARE VERSION ("DEVICE VERSION")

This item shows the information about the software of the data logger. Example of such screen is resulted in the figure 7.11.1.

Name: RPM-416 FW version: 1.4 MAC: 000000000000

Figure 7.11.1 – Version of the data logger software

<BACK>

In the first line, there is the name of the data logger "RPM-416".

In the second line, there is a version of software "1.4".

In the third line, there is a unique identification number of the data logger (MAC).

To restore the previous menu, press the button (enter).

#### **MAINTENANCE**

#### 8.1 Safety precautions



THE TERMINALS AND THE RPM-416 INTERNAL ELEMENTS CONTAINS POTENTIALLY LETHAL VOLTAGE.

## DURING MAINTENANCE IT IS NECESSARY TO DISABLE THE DATA LOGGER AND CONNECTED DEVICES FROM THE MAINS

- 8.2 Maintenance of the device must be performed by qualified service personnel.
- 8.3 Recommended frequency of maintenance is every six months.

#### 8.4 Maintenance procedure:

- 1) Check the connection reliability of the wires, if necessary, clamp with the force specified in Table 3.1;
- 2) Visually check the integrity of the housing, in case of detection of cracks and damages to remove the device from service and send for repair;
  - 3) If necessary, wipe with cloth the front panel and the product housing.

#### Do not use abrasives and solvents for cleaning.

#### 9 SERVICE LIFE AND MANUFACTURER WARRANTY

- **9.1** The lifetime of the data logger is 10 years. Upon expiration of the service life, contact the manufacturer.
- 9.2 Shelf life is 3 years.
- **9.3** Warranty period of the RPM-416 operation is 5 years from the date of sale.

During the warranty period of operation (in the case of failure of the data logger) the manufacturer is responsible for free repair of the product.

## ATTENTION! IF THE PRODUCT HAS BEEN OPERATED IN VIOLATION OF THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS MANUAL, THE MANUFACTURER HAS THE RIGHT TO REFUSE IN WARRANTY SERVICE.

- **9.4** Warranty service is performed at the place of purchase or by the manufacturer of the product.
- **9.5** Post-warranty service of the data logger is performed by the manufacturer at current rates.
- **9.6** Before sending for repair, the data logger should be packed in the original or other packing excluding mechanical damage.

Earnest request: indicate the reason for return in the notice of faults field at the return of the device or in case of submitting for warranty service or post-warranty service.

#### 10 TRANSPORTATION AND STORAGE

The data logger in the original package is permitted to be transported and stored at the temperature from minus 45 to +60°C and relative humidity of 80%.

#### 11 ACCEPTANCE CERTIFICATE

RPM-416 has been manufactured and accepted in accordance with the requirements of current technical documentation and classified as fit for operation.

Seal	Chief of QCD	Date of manufacture
	<del></del>	
Date of sale	-	
12 NOTICES OF CLAIMS		

In case of any questions, please contact: NOVATEK ELECTRO INDIA PVT. LTD. C-30, Patparganj Industrial Area, Delhi - 110092, INDIA tel. (+91 11) 42143253 tel/fax (+91 11) 43010600 www.novatek-electro.in

## Appendix A (recommended)

#### **Connection of the data logger to Ethernet**



The connection of the data logger to Ethernet network requires the interlink compliance of settings of all connected devices. Connection to the network of not correctly adjusted data logger may result in the communication failure, as well as on other devices in the network. As a rule the connection to the network of more than 2 interconnected devices should be performed only by the qualified personnel (network administrator).

#### A.1 IP-addressing

At communication of the device via Ethernet network over TCP / IP protocol, in order to distinguish the data transmitter and recipient every device uses a special settings of IP-addressing.

The device keeps in memory its own unique IP-address within one subnet (four bytes are recorded in way of four integral numbers in range 0 - 255, separated by dots), subnet mask, which is the same for all devices in the subnet (is written similarly to IP-address) and IP-address gateway, which is used for communication with other networks.

For correct communication of the devices in the subnet it is necessary to observe the following provisions:

- The subnet mask should be the same for all devices in that sub network. As a rule in small local sub networks, the mask 255.255.255.0 is used. The mask begins with a group of bits set in 1, followed by the group of bits set in 0;
- Group of Bits, in IP-addresses of devices, which are set in mask in 1, are similar and represent the address of subnet. For mask 255.255.255.0 in local subnets more often are used the addresses, beginning with **192.168.0**.1;
- Group of Bits, in IP-addresses of devices, which are set in mask in 0, is unique for every device within one sub network.

In most of the cases, a new device (for example, a router) which is connected to network already has connection with other networks. Often the addresses 192.168.0.1, 192.168.0.100 or 192.168.0.101 are reserved for it. In this case, other devices in the network receive IP-Address of this device as an address gateway. Indication of this address is not obligatory for communication between the devices in subnet and is used only for communication of devices of one subnet with devices in other subnets.

The factory settings of addressing of the data logger RPM-416 are resulted in Table A.1.

Table A.1

Parameter	Value
IP-address	192.168.0.2
Subnet mask	255.255.255.0
Gateway	192.168.0.1

For the data logger communication with a client-device (and any other devices in the same subnet) the mask 255.255.255.0 and address starting with 192.168.0 are used. The fourth byte of address can be of any value in range 1–255, except 2.

In case of indirect connection (between RPM-416 and client-device), and in network with several devices, address can not be equal to any of addresses of other devices in the subnet.

#### A.2 Setting of client-device

Setting of addressing of client-device should be performed according to the documentation of this device and to the software used in it.

There is an example of setting the personal computer (PC) with operational system (OS) Windows XP or Windows 7 for direct connection to RPM-416 with factory settings.

For setting the network address in operational system (OS) Windows you should open the list of network connections OS. For this, depending on the version of OS, perform the following operations:

- For OS Windows XP:
  - 1) Enter into OS with profile of administrator;
  - Select «Start->Control panel»;
  - 3) Select category «Net and Internet connection»;
  - 4) Open item «Network connections».
- > for OS Windows 7:
  - 1) Enter into OS with profile of administrator;
  - 2) Select «Start->Control panel»;

- Select category «Net and Internet»;
- 4) Open item «Center of net and common access management»;
- 5) In the list of tasks (on the left of panel) select «Adapter parameters change».

In the opened screen of connections, select the adapter which addressing should be changed. Many computers have only one adapter, which will be shown in this screen.

Click on the icon of the selected adapter with mouse right button, in the appeared menu select the item «Properties». The screen of properties will open, an example of such screen is resulted in the figure A.1.

In the opened screen in the list of connection components select «Internet Protocol (TCP/IPv4)». Make sure that component is activated (marked by sign in the list).

Press the button «Properties». The screen of the properties of TCP/IPv4 will open, an example of such screen is resulted in figure A.2.

Select the option «Use the next IP-address».

In field «IP-Address» write the address in range 192.168.0.1–192.168.0.255 (except 192.168.0.2, which is used by the data logger).

In field «Mask of subnet» write «255.255.255.0».

The fields «Main gateway», «Preferable DNS-server», «Alternative DNS-server» should be left blank.

Press «OK» for closing the window of protocol setting.

Press «OK» for closing the window of adapter setting.

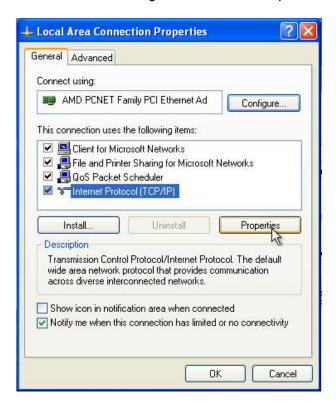


Fig. A.1 – Example of connection properties screen in Windows 7

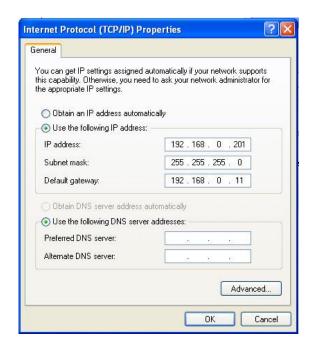


Fig. A.2 – Example of protocol TCP/IPv4 properties screen in Windows 7

# ~ 58 ~ Appendix B (recommended)

#### **Connection of the Data logger to Internet**



It is strongly recommended that connection of the data logger to Internet is carried out under supervision of system administrator of local network or representative of internet provider.

For connection of the data logger to Internet use the following recommendations:

- obtain a dedicated line with a static IP-address from internet provider (further in text the provider);
- inform the provider about MAC-address of the data logger

The direct connection of the data logger to the provider's cable is not recommended.

At connection of the data logger via a router (routing gateway) the provider's cable should be connected to a router slot "WAN" (usually with a color indication without number, depending on the router manufacturer the indication can differ, see the router documentation).

The connection Ethernet cable is used for connection of the data logger to the router (supplied with the data logger).

Guided by the router manual adjust the router for connection to Internet network according to the provider's recommendations. In the router settings switch on the redirection of incoming packages to IP-Address of the data logger (factory setting – 192.168.0.2).

At addressing to the data logger in Internet network you should used the IP-Address obtained from the provider.

The integrated in RPM-416 security access features are not intended against malicious network attacks (especially the attacks which purpose is blocking the access to the device).

You should secure the connection of the data logger to Internet network by standard means of protection (for example, Firewall).